

New Aid Plan By America

Washington, Dec. 3. President Truman is planning new moves to pump American dollar aid into such Far Eastern trouble spots as the Philippines, Formosa and Indo-China.

The chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, J. William Connally, said his committee would be asked on Monday or Tuesday for authority to use up to \$100,000,000 in Marshall Plan funds for the general area of China. This apparently means President Truman plans to shift some of the United States' emphasis on aid to Europe to Communist-ruled Asia.

Connally, who has long heard demands for such action, may vote swift approval.

Senator Connally also said the committee on Monday would begin consideration of President Truman's urgent request for \$38,000,000 in addition to food aid for anti-Soviet Yugoslavia. About \$35,000,000 in ERP funds would be wanted for the Pacific areas at the outset.

This would be in addition to \$100,000,000 voted the President last summer for aid in the China area and presumably already spent.

Senator Connally said that ECA, which administers the Marshall Plan, was most anxious to get going in the Pacific and with few restrictions, not possible. The ECA director, Mr. William Foster, returned on Saturday from a first-hand survey in the Orient and this is apparently a factor in the proposed programme.

The Philippines is expected to be high on the list for early aid. Formosa would receive economic but not military assistance. Burma and Thailand were also mentioned as possible recipients. — United Press.

Americans Still Debating Use Of Atomic Bomb

Washington, Dec. 3. The question whether atomic bombs should be used against the Chinese Reds in Korea evoked considerable debate in both official and unofficial quarters here today despite the White House statement that there was nothing new in the fact that use of the weapon had been studied.

Touched off by President Truman's comment this week that employment of atomic weapon had been considered, debates were lively both among members of Congress and private citizens.

Two general schools of thought appeared to be emerging. First, those who favour the use of the bomb on the grounds it could speed the end of the war and thus save lives in the long run despite the original toll of casualties caused.

The second group oppose its use for humanitarian or political reasons, or both. This group believe world opinion would be hurt by the use of the bomb. They also question whether the military results would be conclusive enough to warrant risking this criticism.

A Democratic Senator, Edwin Johnson, said in an interview that the United States should drop "a few" of the bombs in Korea and "play war rough."

He is a member of the Senate House Atomic Energy Committee. He claimed the atomic bomb "has great use as a weapon against troops and I think now is the time to use not one but several."

SPECULATION

Observers here speculated whether Senator Johnson's statement was made in the light of certain knowledge that a tactical rather than a strategic version of the bomb has now been perfected. That would mean the bomb is usable at the front over troop concentrations like artillery instead of dropped over larger targets such as cities.

The last report of the United States Defence Department to the President cited that such a weapon was being worked out, but there had been no public announcement of its status.

India To Continue Mediation At Lake Success

Petition For Peace In The Commons

London, Dec. 3. The peace petition which has been the main theme of Communist propaganda in Britain for the past year will be presented to the House of Commons next Thursday, the British Peace Committee announced tonight. The petition calls for a five-power conference and United Nations action to prohibit atomic weapons and to have branded as a war criminal the first government to use atomic weapons. — Reuter.

Berlin Show Of Democracy

Berlin, Dec. 3. In a great show of democracy, West Berliners trooped to the polls today in open defiance of Communist commands to boycott the municipal elections.

Late today, with returns still incomplete, Dr. Willy Brandt, election chairman, said at least 90 per cent of the eligible electorate of 1,600,000 had sloshed through icy rain and snow flurries to cast ballots.

The heavy vote was a crushing blow to the Russian sector Reds, who waged an intensive propaganda war here for weeks urging the isolated West Berliners to stay away from the polls. — United Press.

BENEGAL RAU TO MEET WU SECOND TIME

Lake Success, Dec. 3.

A second meeting between General Wu Hsiuchuan, the head of the Peking delegation to Lake Success, and Sir Benegal Narsing Rau, India's representative on the Security Council, will take place in the near future.

The first meeting was held in the Communist Chinese delegation's rooms at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel on Friday and was the result of an Indian initiative to ascertain the possibilities of a peaceful settlement of the Korean conflict.

Sir Benegal Narsing Rau, forewarned by previous failures of India's good offices in the past to evolve an agreed procedure, has been impervious to all requests to throw light on his plans or the nature of his talks with General Wu.

Asked specifically today whether he was proceeding on the basis of an immediate cease-fire in Korea and the establishment of a neutral zone north of the 100-mile wide "waist" of the peninsula to be supervised by a United Nations Commission in which India might participate, Sir Benegal said: "What is your journalistic jargon for a situation like this question?"

"The Indian delegate declined to confirm or deny," he said.

It was reliably learned, meanwhile, that Sir Benegal had not taken up any specific proposals with General Wu so far, and indeed had no justification for doing so in view of the danger that the currently fluid military situation might outrun tentative suggestions except of a most general nature.

What was even more important, the Indian delegate could not, in the nature of the situation, present concrete proposals unless he knew what the United States, as the leader of the United Nations action in Korea, would concede in the interests of a settlement.

CEASE-FIRE AS BASIS

One thing was today confirmed, namely, that the Indian delegation had been interested itself in the question of a cease-fire in Korea as the basis of restoring peace.

Such efforts did not, however, originate with Sir Benegal Rau's three-day old talks with General Wu, but dated as far back as the General Assembly resolution of October 7, which permitted General MacArthur's forces to cross the 38th Parallel and urged them to stay "in Korea" until peace was restored.

When that resolution was presented in the General Assembly, India—although it was not publicly revealed at that time—had suggested to its movers that there be included a provision for the cessation of hostilities and the utilisation of a United Nations Peace Observation Commission.

The Indian delegate was then privately rebuffed for mentioning such proposals although Sir Benegal had argued that as the United Nations forces were advancing against a beaten foe and not retreating as previously, such a gesture would be one of "magnanimity rather than appeasement."

While awaiting a second talk with General Wu, the Indian delegation was at the same time keeping an eye on reported moves in Washington to call a special meeting of the General Assembly tomorrow for the presentation there of a resolution on Korea.

NO RECRIMINATIONS

Reports said that it might be similar to the six-power resolution—calling for the withdrawal of the Chinese Communist forces from Korea—which the Soviet delegate vetoed in the Security Council last week, or make it suffer by branding Communist China as an aggressor.

Asked today whether India's non-participation in the Security Council vote on that resolution was resented by the sponsors of the resolution, particularly the United States, a source close to the Indian delegation said that his impression was exactly the opposite.

The source said that the Indian delegation had not received from New Delhi any

specific proposals but the general attitude of the Indian delegation could be summarised as this: "The situation calls for a session without mutual recriminations or condemnations from both sides."

The source said that India's attitude could be gleaned from the moves it had made, though unsuccessfully so far. Pandit Nehru's appeal in July that the Korean question be settled in the Security Council with Communist China sitting as a member, reopening of the same question on the first day of the current session of the General Assembly, the advice that before the 38th Parallel was crossed the North Koreans be given the chance to come to terms, and the suggestion that a sub-committee be appointed to find a common ground between the United States and Soviet points of view in the Assembly as a whole. — Reuter.

Free World Faces Test

Washington, Dec. 3.

The official long-range view of the Korea situation here is that the community of nations faces a second test like the one last June as to whether it shall keep on by votes and courts or permit outlaws with guns to have their way.

Armed action is sometimes necessary to support the views of decent citizens of the community of nations represented in this case by the United Nations, these leaders said.

In the first test last June, nearly all nations rallied to support the victim of aggression. However, in the new case there are signs of some hesitancy and of talk of compromise.

President Truman, in the last few days, has expressed the view that to yield in this second test will only bring on other acts of aggression endangering eventually every country. He said, "If the UN yields to forces of aggression, no nation will be safe or secure. If aggression is successful Korea we can expect it to spread through Asia and Europe to this hemisphere." — United Press.

United States Plans For All Emergencies

Washington, Dec. 3.

United States shipowners will meet with Government officials here on Monday to plan a new United States authority to take over the merchant fleet in the event of war.

Shipping sources said the blueprint for an agency which could use merchantmen to carry men, supplies and munitions to fighting fronts will be ready within 30 days for use at a moment's notice.

Plans have been completed to arm United States freighters and passenger ships the moment they reach American ports if war breaks out. Guns and

gun mountings are ready and waiting in ports and could be placed on merchantmen with no loss of time.

One shipping spokesman said U.S. passenger liners could be stripped and converted to troop ships in three to four days.

Monday's meeting will be between a committee of shipowners and officials of the United States Marine Administration.

PLANS SPEEDED UP

Plans for the new authority were speeded up as a result of the Chinese Communist crisis.

Shipping sources said the shipowners held a secret meeting with Maritime officials in New York last Wednesday at which the project was discussed. The shipowners are also expected to confer with Marshall Plan officials on the need for additional ships from the merchant fleet "mothball" reserve to haul coal to Western Europe between now and next August.

Usually reliable sources said that between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000 tons will be needed by Britain, France, Italy and other nations. About 50 ships will be needed from the reserve fleet which contains about 1,500 Liberty ships used during World

Home From The War



Sick and wounded British Servicemen from the Korean war front were flown to Britain aboard an RAF transport hospital plane from Singapore. Picture shows Pte. John Thompson being landed from the plane on his stretcher by a mobile lift.—London Express Service.

Shinwell Critic Of MacArthur

London, Dec. 3.

General Douglas MacArthur had gone beyond the objectives Britain understood were established for the Korean campaign, Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, the Defence Minister, said today.

Britain, he said, had tried to prevail on the United States to keep the objectives limited. She had believed that their campaign should end at the 38th Parallel.

In a speech at Wingate, a small town in County Durham, Mr. Shinwell reviewed the position in Korea and its relation to Western Europe as his Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, was preparing to leave for talks with President Truman.

He said that a compromise plan—for Western European defence evidently meeting the French point of view—should be out "in the next few days."

A Supreme Commander for the West would be appointed and the necessary forces gathered.

Even if the Korean question were settled, he had little hope of permanent peace while Russia remained in a "mischievous mood."

Raw material shortages caused by American stockpiling could interfere with the European defence buildup and cause

unemployment in Britain, he warned.

He said the Government would welcome four-power talks with a general agenda but there was no evidence that such a conference would produce even a measure of agreement.

The Korean "upset" had delayed the building of West European defences, he said. But he was now more optimistic on this point "because I see the prospect of effecting a compromise on the problem of German participation in the defence of the West."

The compromise plan for European defence should come out "in the next few days," Mr. Shinwell said. A Supreme Commander would then be appointed and forces built up.

Mr. Shinwell declared: "The West is very vulnerable and wide open to attack. Before you know where you are, this country could be bombed to bits. We have had enough of that in the past."

"Had it not been for the Korean upset, we would now have been building up our defences in the West."

In Korea that position was "very grim indeed." However, in a diplomatic sense—he would not say, in a military sense—the position was "much more favourable," he said.

WARNING

Mr. Shinwell gave a warning that unemployment might emerge if the raw material shortages developed. He blamed the United States' stockpiling and said that Mr. Attlee would discuss this in Washington.

Mr. Shinwell said that Britain had tried to prevail on the United States Administration that "our objectives should be limited, and nothing should be done to bring us into conflict with China."

"The Government has done everything to maintain peace. The one thing we wish to avoid is a great war."

He said he was not going to criticise General MacArthur, but he added: "At the moment it would appear that General MacArthur went beyond the objectives which we understood to be the objectives at the beginning of the affair and that as a result we went up near the Manchurian border, where there is a very large force of Chinese."

"The position looks very grim indeed. There is no use

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"Lost McClellan" ... daring, reckless, spine of steel, "built by the wind-swept prairie that gave him birth."

"Pearl Chavez" ... the unassuming, half-bred, "built by the wind-swept prairie that gave him birth."

"Jose McClellan" ... courageous, idealistic, "built by the wind-swept prairie that gave him birth."

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Starring JENNIFER JONES GREGORY PECK JOSEPH COTTEN

With a cast of 2500 • Directed by KING VIDOR

With LIONEL BARRYMORE • HERBERT MARSHALL LILLIAN GISH WALTER HUSTON • CHARLES BICKFORD

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OUTPOST IN MOROCCO

with AKIM TAMIROFF MARIE WINDSOR

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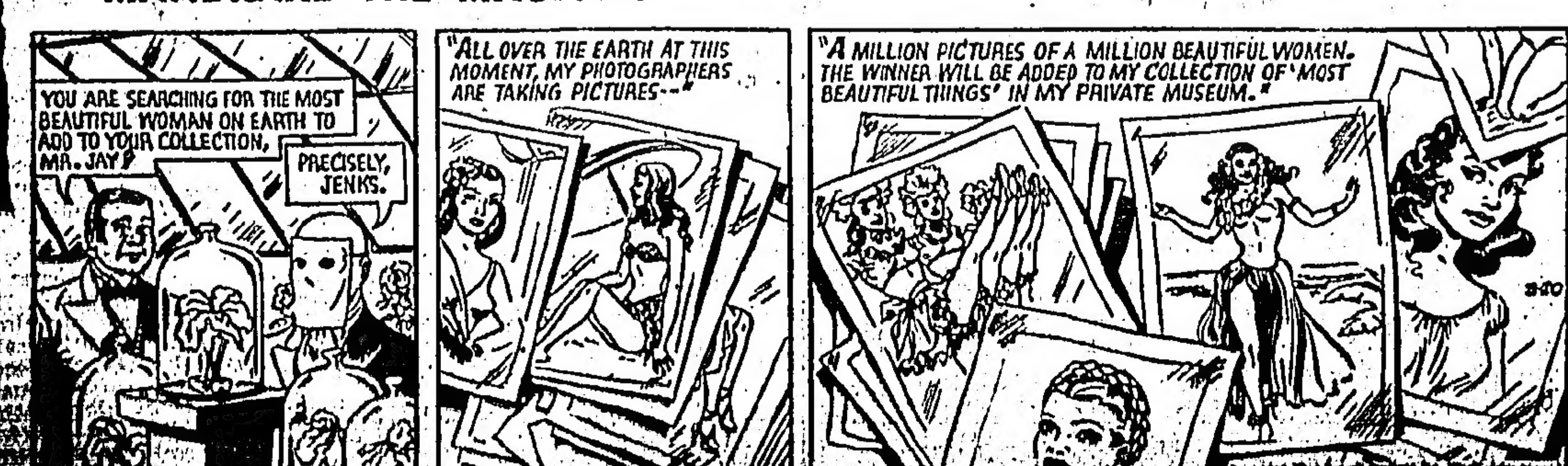
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ADDED! LATEST WARNER PATHE NEWS

NEXT CHANGE: "MOURNING BECOMES ELECTRA"

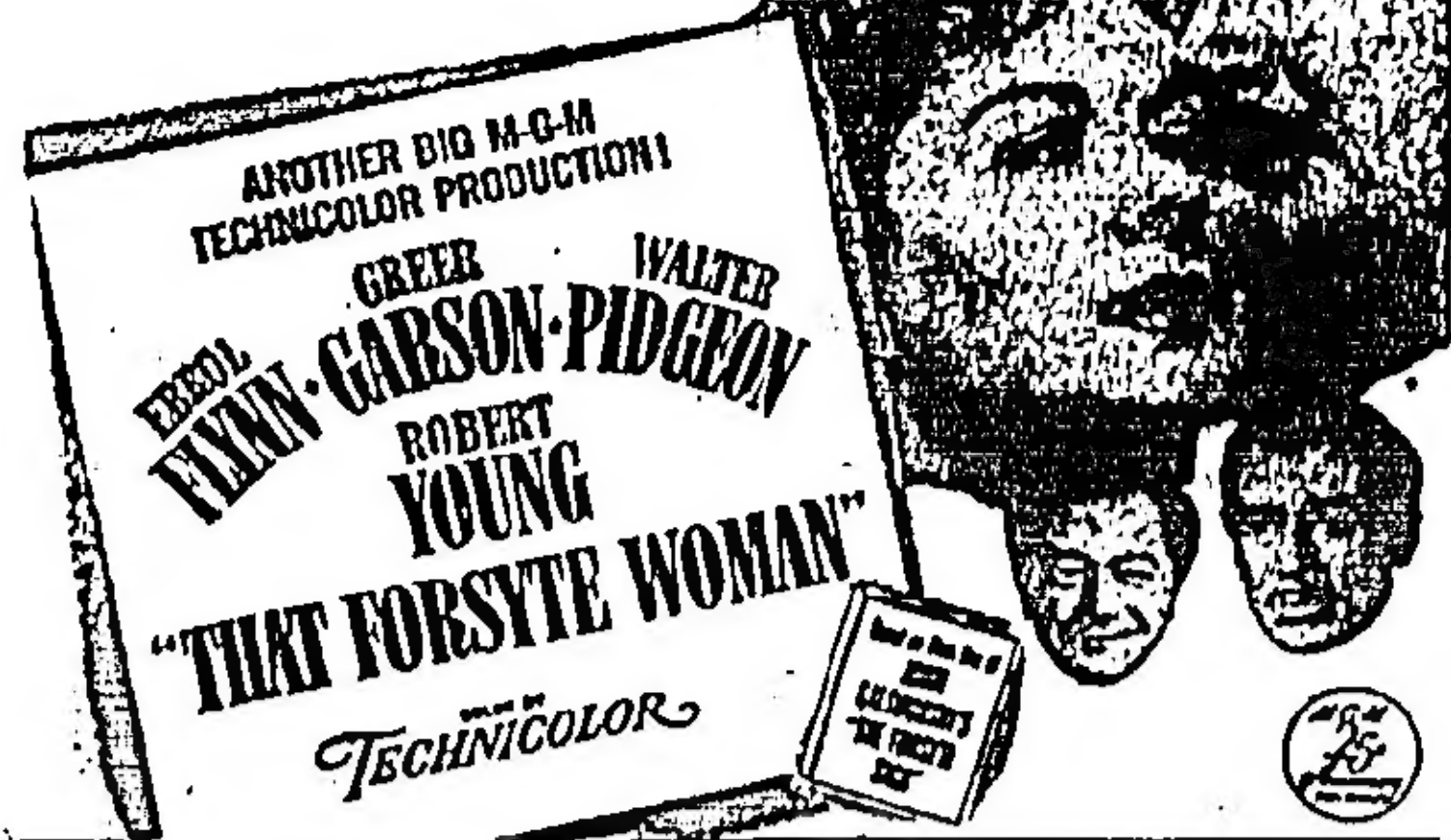
MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



TO-DAY
ONLY

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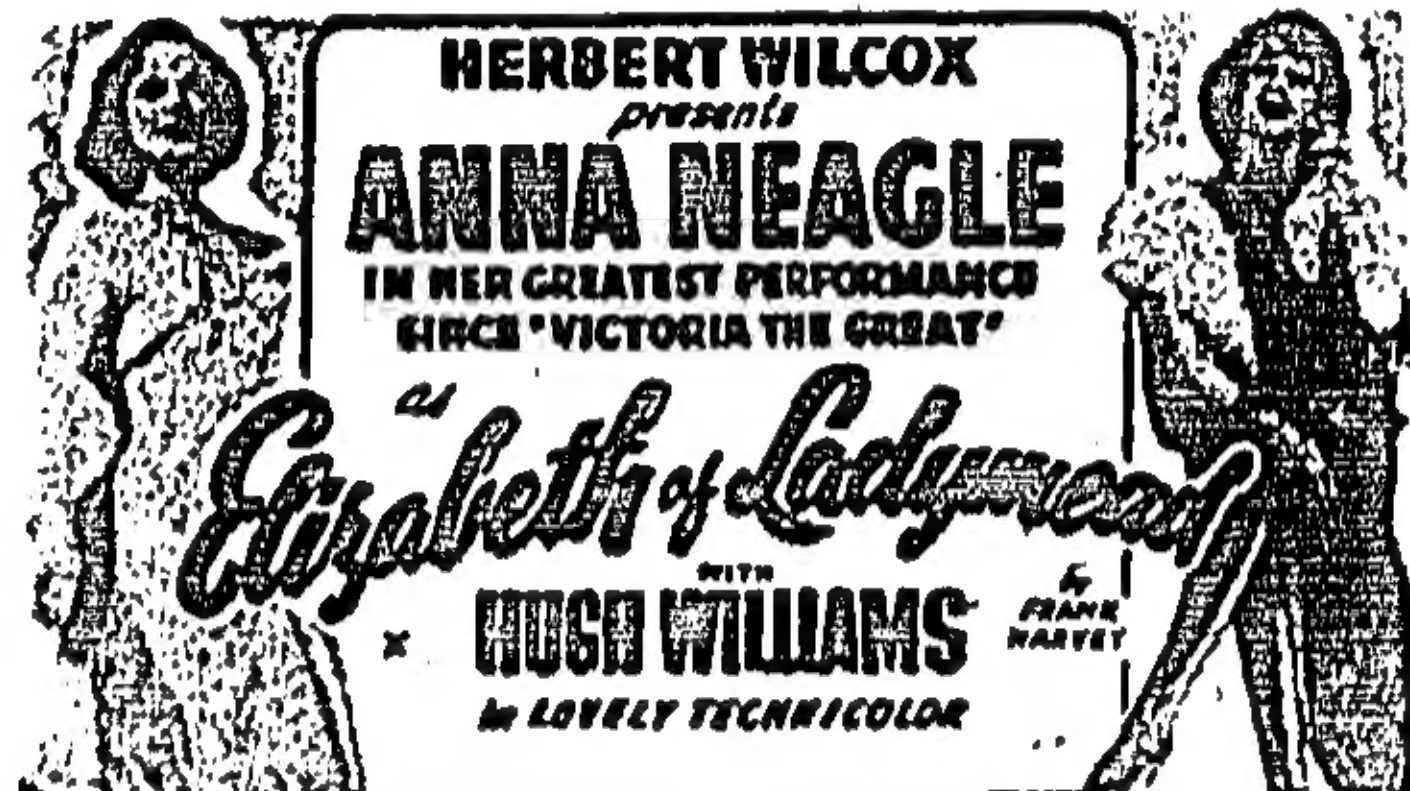
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P.M.This is the story of THAT Forsyte Woman
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QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA
 "SCENE OF THE CRIME"
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 PRESIDENT TRUMAN ADDRESSES THE UNITED
 NATIONS ON ITS 5TH ANNIVERSARY.

TO-MORROW!
"SOS SUBMARINE"
 AN ENTERTAINMENT EXPERIENCE
 YOU'LL ALWAYS REMEMBER!

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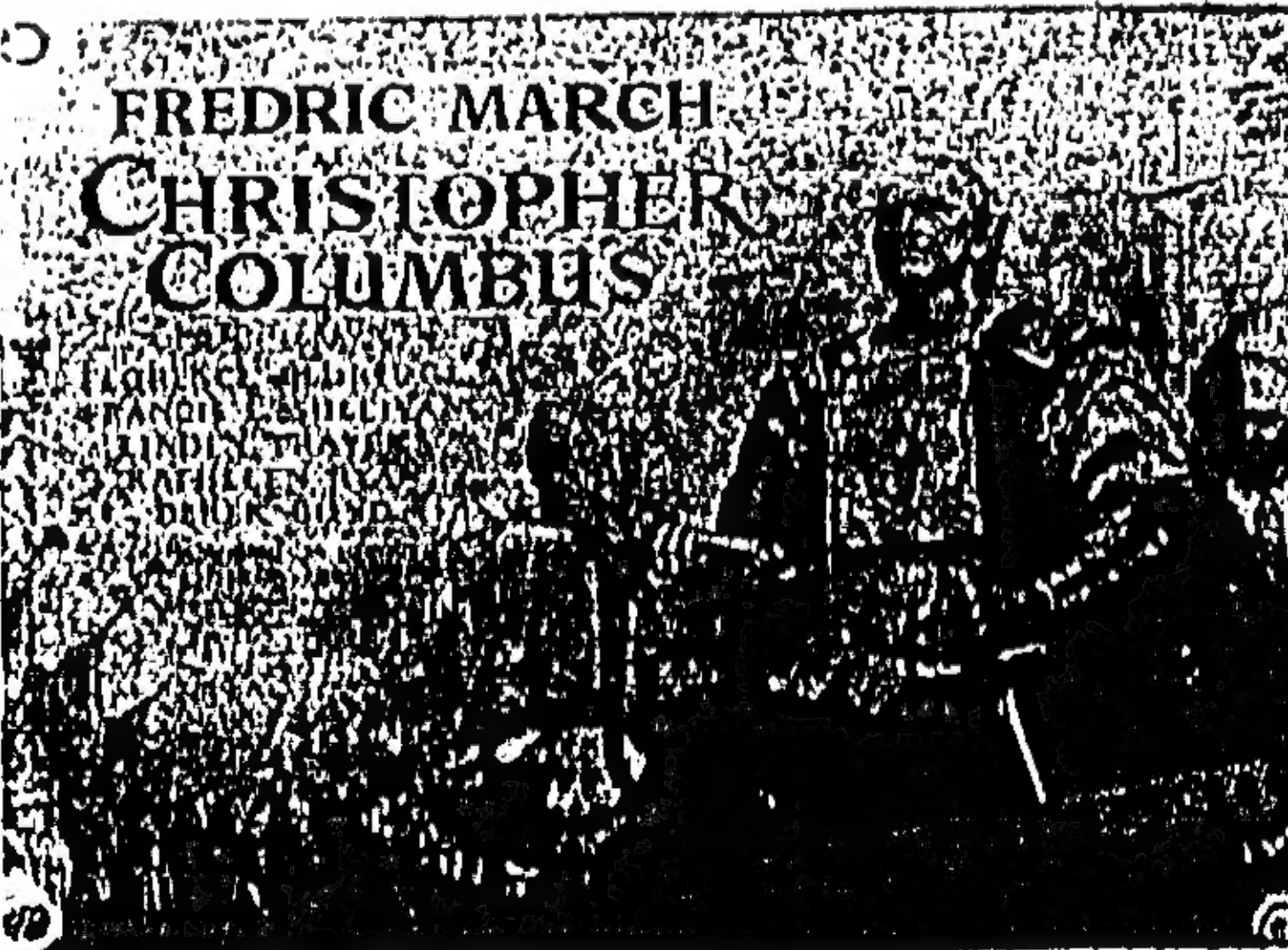
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 The Whole Earth-Shattering Thrilling Story as Massive
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NEXT CHANGE: "THE INTERNATIONAL BURLESQUE"

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 ONE OF THE GREATEST DRAMAS OF ALL TIME!



PRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

Copies of photographs
 taken by the South China
 Morning Post, South China
 Sunday Post-Herald, China
 Mail and Hong Kong Tele-
 graph Staff Photographers
 are on view in the
 Morning Post Building.



M.I.5

CONTINUING A CHINA MAIL INQUIRY INTO ITS SUCCESSES, ITS
FAILURES, AND ITS EFFICIENCY AS A 1950 INSTRUMENT OF SECURITY

THE security authorities who screened Professor Pontecorvo many times during the last seven years did not know he had Communist relatives in Italy. Newspapersmen were able to discover the fact in two days.

When Supply Minister George Strauss made this admission in Parliament he raised grave doubts about the efficiency of the whole security set-up. An analysis of the Security Service's record strengthens these doubts by revealing a dangerous patchiness in the secrecy screen.

Two famous spy cases provide vivid illustration of this patchiness.

The first is the case of George Johnson Armstrong, who was executed in 1941 for selling to Germany details of our convoy sailings.

The second is the case of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the Harwell scientist who got a 14-year jail sentence for betraying atomic bomb information to Russia. Armstrong, an Englishman living in America, was caught because routine security measures were carried through rigorously. British Secret Service agents operating against Hitler's spies in the United States were detailed to keep constant watch on the German consulates there.

Most of the time they learned nothing. But one day they saw Armstrong visit the German consulate in New York. By trailing him they quickly discovered he was a spy.

Now Dr. Fuchs. In 1947 he visited the Russian embassy in London, where he handed over a batch of atom secrets and was paid £200 for his treachery. But there was no watching agent there to spot him. Instead, Fuchs was able to carry on his spying work inside the Government's Atomic H.Q. for at least two more years.

It is regarded as likely that he was caught only when the Russians themselves planted clues to punish him for ceasing to work for them.

Spy contre
 YET the Canadian spy trial in 1940 had revealed that the Soviet Government uses its embassies as spy centres.

Until recently the British security organisation had the reputation of being the most efficient in the world. In the German hand-book on the British Secret Service Heinrich Himmler wrote: "The British have brought intelligence work to a mastery unique and unsurpassed."

How much of this reputation has survived the war? How much of that reputation is due to the fact that inefficiency in secret work is easily covered up? It was a routine check, too, which led in 1938 to the expulsion of Walter Reinhardt and to the capture of his chief spy, Joseph Kelly.

Men of M.I.5 heard that Kelly, a bricklayer working on a new weapons factory, was spending far more than he earned. They shadowed him, and discovered that he was borrowing blueprints of the factory and showing them to Reinhardt, who paid him.

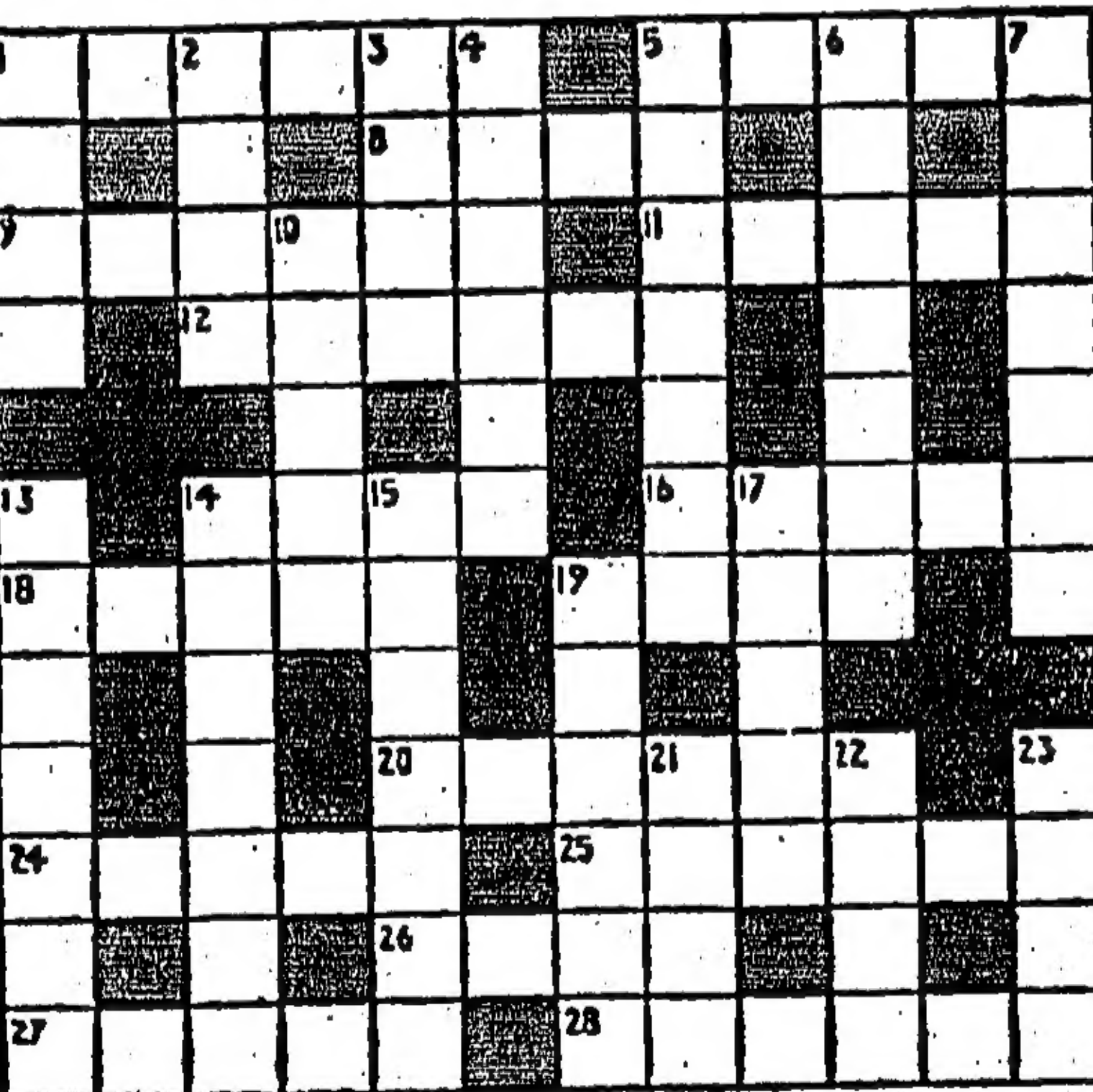
A ROUTINE CHECK AT THE FOREIGN OFFICE



ARTHUR ASKEW Chief Security Officer at the Foreign Office an ex-Yard detective superintendent, scrutinises every visitor through a secret peep hole.

Undoubtedly the British Security Service has done much brilliant work. The defensive screen around our radar secrets

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Gathered
 - Surfing-block
 - Sell
 - Unsophisticated
 - Slave
 - Fine residence
 - Vex
 - Ardent
 - Connect
 - Brink
 - Soprano
 - Falling
 - Bring into being
 - Ceremony
 - Burdened
 - Sways
- DOWN**
- Concise
 - Speak imperfectly
 - Wickedness
 - Term of years
 - Stuck to
 - Small town
 - Raffle
 - Impelled
 - Injurious
 - Matured
 - Reading-desk
 - Spy
 - Quits
 - Concoction
 - Merit
 - Emoluments

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1 Comma, 4 Moulds, 8 Felled, 10 Essay, 12 Picnic, 14 Senator, 17 Lace, 19 Catered, 20 Singlet, 22 Oral, 23 Settled, 27 Ravine, 28 Verso, 30 Spigot, 31 Roward, 32 Dirty. Down: 1 Cuffs, 2 Melon, 3 Adept, 5 Oven, 6 Lascar, 7 Styled, 9 Diocese, 11 Silent, 13 Craters, 15 Emir, 16 Angles, 18 Code, 20 Solver, 21 Narrow, 24 Topd, 25 Lager, 26 Ditty, 28 Veer.

FERD'NAND

Dog's Life



A toast from her mother



Mrs. Gray, mother of "Annie Get Your Gun" Dolores Gray, with her daughter at the American star's cabaret first night in London's West End. Dolores Gray will soon be returning to America.—London Express Service.



European Army Plan Maturing

Washington, Dec. 3. Plans for a Western European Army with German troops included and General Dwight Eisenhower as supreme commander are being rushed to completion today.

Faced with a world crisis posed by the Communist onrush in Asia, American officials hope the 12 North Atlantic Pact nations will be ready to set up a unified Western European defence organisation starting next month.

Top defence officials count on final agreement on the unified army when the military chiefs of the Pact countries meet. They are expected to name the time and place of their meeting soon.—Unit Press.

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Mr. Foster, who has just returned from a world tour of inspection, said that European leaders were concerned about the future of the Marshall Plan because of the Korean crisis. "They realise," he said, "that the economic system will mean considerable adjustments in the present programme."—Reuter.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



FERD'NAND

Dog's Life



"When we get the fire going, we'll be able to do it."—Unit Press.

POCKET CARTOON
by OSBERT LANCASTER

"By the way, there's a shop steward who wants to have a word with you about those 16 extra lines of Virgil you so kindly volunteered in Prep. last night."

FILIPINO'S OPEN LETTER TO MAO

An open letter to Mr. Mao Tse-tung by an anonymous Filipino is one of the many interesting features of the December issue of Hong-kong's new periodical The Orient.

This letter, crunched in simple, everyday language, asks the leader of the Chinese Communists to abstain from alignment with the Soviet Union on the plea that such a link-up would place Asia within the orbit of the Russians.

The usual feature "Mirror of Opinion" recapitulates a number of editorials which appeared in last month's Asiatic newspapers. Without exception, the opinions used in this issue reflect anti-Communist views.

The section "In the Orient" maintains the usual high standard of interest, but here again it is impossible to escape the suggestion that the magazine's impartiality is being lost because discharges are beginning to prejudice the issue by packing the jury.

LOSES IMPORTANCE

"Conditions in Shanghai today" loses authoritative importance partly because of the anonymity of the author, but mostly because generalised statements are made with lack of adequate substantiation. Still, it is a fair and impartial appraisal of Communist urban technique, and suggests that all is quite well in the Northern metropolises.

Mr. A. C. Scott writes on the technique of the Chinese actor, and illuminates his text with three specially drawn pencil sketches.

The introduction to Chinese civilisation series continues with another brilliant article, by Dr. Cheng Te-kua.—A.D.C.

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Case-book of Sir Patrick Hastings, KC. Chapter 7

PRINCESS OLGA PALEY
LOSES HER TREASURES

*When only the
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It is a well known fact that the best Virginia cigarettes are made in London; but, fortunately, they do not all stay there! The famous Benson & Hedges red tin is a familiar sight in almost every country of the world. You will find these cigarettes in the hands of particular smokers who prefer to pay just a little more to make quite sure of having the absolute best for all those occasions when only the best will do.

IN TINS OF 20
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- 1 qt. Bottle Highland Queen Scotch Whisky
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1 " " Hunt's Amontillado Sherry
1 phial Gordon's Orange Bitters HK\$ 40.00

HAMPER No. 2

- 1 qt. Bottle Black & White Whisky
1 " " Gordon's Dry Gin
1 " " Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin Champagne
1 " " "Dry England"
1 phial Gordon's Orange Bitters HK\$ 52.00

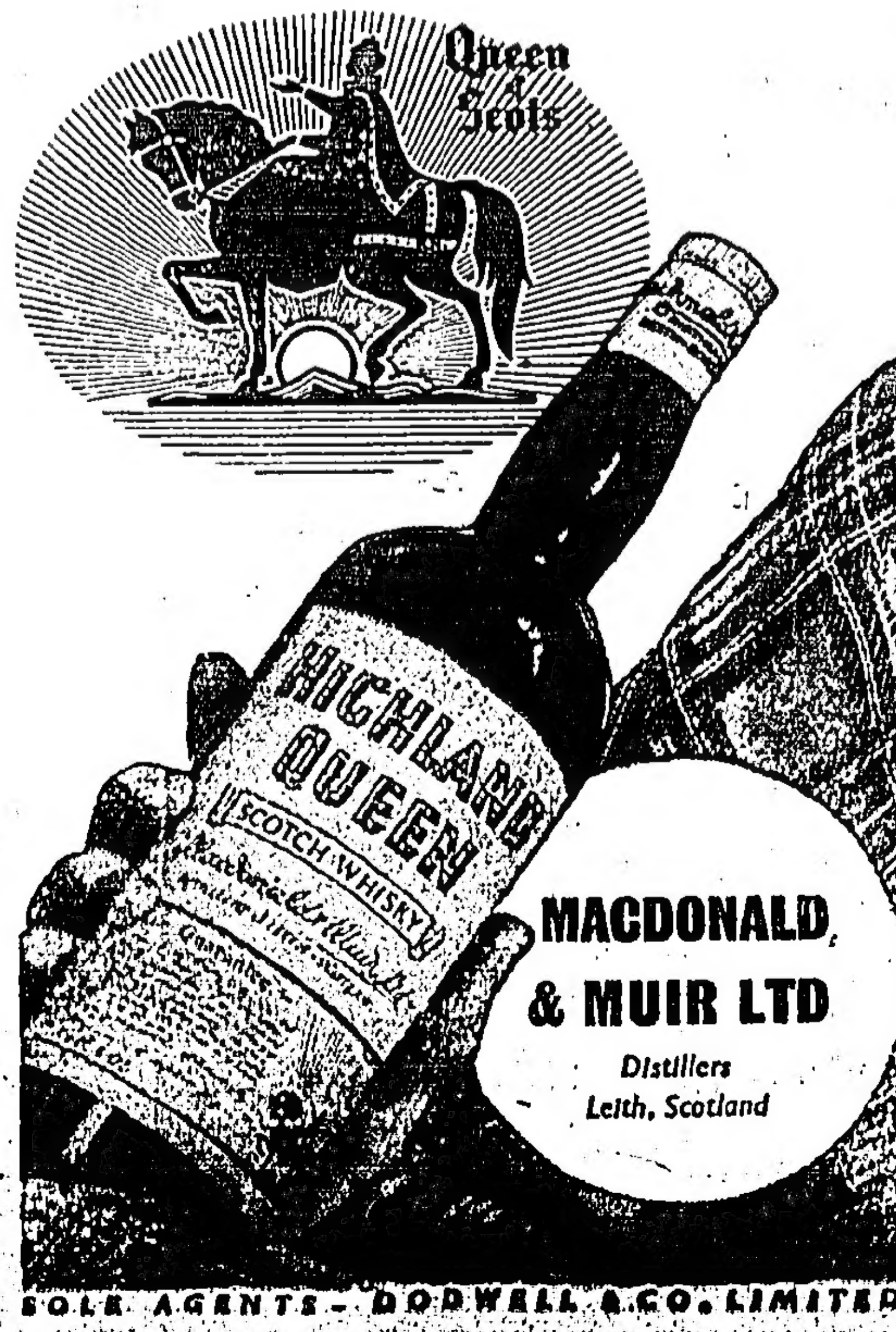
HAMPER No. 3

- 1 qt. Bottle Black & White Whisky
1 " " Highland Queen Scotch Whisky
1 " " Gordon's Dry Gin
1 " " Lanson Pere & Fils Champagne
1 " " "Vintage 1945"
1 " " Courvoisier XXX Brandy
1 " " Hunt's Maduro Sherry
2 phials Gordon's Orange Bitters HK\$100.00

HAMPER No. 4

- 2 qt. Bottles Black & White Whisky
1 qt. Bottle Highland Queen Scotch Whisky
1 " " Gordon's Dry Gin
1 " " Courvoisier V.O. Brandy
1 " " Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin Champagne
1 " " "Dry England Vintage 1942"
1 " " Hunt's Maduro Sherry
1 " " Hunt's Coronation Port
1 " " Gordon's Very Old Jamaica Rum
1 " " Beaune Greaves (F. Chauvenet) Burgundy
1 " " Graves Superieures (Louis Bert & Co.)
1 " " Cherry Brandy (Wynand Fockink)
2 phials Gordon's Orange Bitters HK\$180.00

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WHEN the Princess Olga Paley went into the witness box in one of the Royal Courts of Justice in 1929, and told her story of what she had suffered in St Petersburg, the Russian Revolution, with all its attendant horrors, suddenly ceased to be a half-forgotten tale. It became a living thing.

Her home had been torn from her, her husband had been murdered, and she had barely escaped from Russia with her life.

I have heard many tragedies in my life, but the story told by Princess Paley I shall never forget.

The Princess was the widow of the Grand Duke Paul of Russia, a Royal Prince of the Imperial House. She had married without the consent of the Tsar and, in consequence, her marriage was morganatic. It is perhaps an irony of fate that she may have owed her life to the fact that she never became legally a member of the Romanoff family.

Revolution

She lived with her husband in the Paley Palace at Tsarskoe Seloe, a district just outside St Petersburg, where she maintained a household of dignity and affluence. The Palace was furnished with articles of great beauty and immense value, and was undoubtedly one of the great homes of Russia.

A month or so after the Revolution broke out in St Petersburg the Revolutionaries appeared at the Palace, and from that moment the Grand Duke and the Princess were never allowed to live in their home again.

For a time the Princess was allowed to perform the menial task of escorting round the Palace those Comrades of the Revolution who desired to inspect her treasures, but that respite did not last for long. Within a few months the Grand Duke was arrested and thrown into prison in St Petersburg. The Princess herself was not arrested, but she voluntarily followed her husband into the city so that she could visit him. That, too, did not last long. Soon afterwards her husband was murdered in prison, and the Princess fled from Russia without a passport, and finally arrived in England, where, like so many of her compatriots, she lived without a country or a home.

Decided to sell

Ten years later the Soviet Government was anxious to obtain foreign currency from abroad and, among other methods, decided to sell the Paley treasures.

They began negotiations with an English businessman named Weisz, and finally sold him the effects from the Paley Palace for £48,000.

Mr Weisz bought the property in absolute good faith to re-sell in England or elsewhere, being firmly under the impression that the Russian Government were the legal owners.

In due course Mr Weisz shipped the goods to London and news of their arrival reached the Princess. She made inquiries, saw the consignment and immediately recognised it.

as coming from the Paley Palace.

She thereupon consulted lawyers and was advised to institute proceedings in the English courts, claiming that the original seizure by the Bolsheviks was illegal and that, in consequence, all the effects remained her property.

Mr Weisz was in an extremely difficult position. There was no doubt that the property originally belonged to the Princess; there was equally no doubt that it had been taken from her in circumstances which, in any civilised view, amounted to theft. The only possible way in which he could defeat her claim to its recovery was if, and only if, he could establish that everything which had happened was legal according to Russian law.

Russia's laws

At this time any investigation into the system of law as practised in Russia was extremely difficult. Indeed, it was almost impossible to understand the conditions which existed in that country. It was known that people had been murdered indiscriminately and property seized wholesale in the name of the Soviet Republic, and, further, that some sort of laws or decrees had been passed from time to time to justify the acts, but about who passed them, and with what authority the legislation was enacted, little definite information could be obtained.

There were in London one or two Russian lawyers who had practised in the Tsarist courts before the Revolution, and they had endeavoured to translate, and indeed to understand, the various documents and publications which emerged from Soviet Russia, but the results of their investigations were inconclusive.

Court crowded

One thing, however, was abundantly clear: whatever form of jurisprudence existed in Russia, it was a system quite unknown to any other community in the civilised world, and on that system Mr Weisz must rely if he were to defeat Princess Paley's claim.

In those circumstances the action came before the courts in the year 1929. It was tried before Mr Justice MacKinnon, a judge of great learning, eminently qualified to adjudicate on a difficult point of law, with a mind divorced from any feelings of sentiment, however natural that sentiment might be.

The court was crowded. It had become public knowledge that the Princess was going to tell a story of more than ordinary human interest, and many people were anxious to get a glimpse into a page of history.

When she entered the witness-box, the Princess appeared to be the most unmoved person in the court. Never, throughout her story, did she show the slightest sign of the strain from which she must have been suffering.

Vital elements

She was calm and dignified, and seemed totally unaware of the intense interest she was creating among the onlookers. Even her counsel seemed at pains to make her story as undramatic as possible.

Her evidence was short, as there could be no dispute on the facts, but the vital elements in her case had to be proved.

In January, 1918, did some people come to your home?—Yes.

What happened?—I had to show them through the house. They said: "Yes, certainly, this house is worth taking."

At that time, had you any servants in the Palace?—Only an old door-keeper.

After these people came, were you ever allowed to live in your own home again?—Never.

Then were the public allowed in your house?—Yes, I had to show them round.

A few months later, was your husband taken away to prison?—Yes.

What did you do?—I followed him to St Petersburg, to be near him.

Were you ever allowed to see him?—Sometimes.

Took an ikon

While you were in St Petersburg, did you hear that the Palace had been confiscated?—Yes. I went to Tsarskoe Seloe. I was not allowed into my home. I was allowed to take an ikon and say farewell.

When was the last time you heard anything from your husband?—January 25, 1919.

What happened to your husband?—Five days later he was murdered in prison.

And what happened to you?—Next month I escaped from Russia, without a passport.

And what happened to you?—Next month I escaped from Russia, without a passport.

CANADA STAYS IN THE 'FAMILY'

By McKenzie Porter

OTTAWA. THE most far-reaching peace-time agreement ever made by Canada and the U.S.A. has just been signed.

It will integrate the economic resources of the two countries to speed up and cheapen munitions production for the North Atlantic Alliance.

It will also renew predictions of early fusion between Canada and the United States. People are now asking: "Does the new pact mean that Canada will move more into the American orbit?"

Such wide-spread ignorance sullies much American and British thinking on the subject of what makes this great nation tick.

An Affront

There is no more chance of Canada exchanging John Bull for Uncle Sam than there is of Chicago's Anglophobe publisher Col. Bertie McCormick, receiving a knighthood.

Because Canadian cities, homes, shops, cars, trains, clothes, sports and slang resem-

And is all the property we are discussing in this case your property, taken from your home, the Paley Palace?—Yes.

That was all. When the Princess left the box it was quite clear from the faces of the onlookers that there would be no doubt about the result if the decision were left to them, and in that somewhat depressing atmosphere I was constrained to argue that everything had been perfectly legal according to the law of Russia.

Two documents

There were two documents on which we sought to rely. One was a decree, No. XII, passed by a body known as the Council of People's Commissars, published on March 8, 1921, in which it was stated: "All movable property of citizens fled outside the confines of the Republic are declared to be the property of the Russian Soviet Federal Socialist Republic."

The second was a decree of the All-Russian Central Executive Committee and of the Council of People's Commissars, dated March 18, 1923, which provided that: "Works of art and antiquities—being in museums—are recognised to be State property."

We maintained that the Princess was a person who had "fled outside the confines of the Republic" within the meaning of the first decree, and that, after the seizure by the Revolutionaries, the Paley Palace was a "museum" within the second, and that, as the British Government had diplomatically recognised the existing Russian Government since 1924, an English court was bound to give effect to the Russian law.

The extreme difficulty in arriving at an interpretation of that law, or, indeed, of obtaining a correct translation of the language employed, was best expressed by one of the judges of the Court of Appeal, who subsequently considered the case.

He said: "Great difficulties have arisen in this case in ascertaining the exact effect of the Soviet Law. The parties cannot agree on a proper translation: their experts differ on the Russian meaning of the legislation, while the English translation is obviously susceptible to various meanings."

"Over and above that, the legal principles involved are so different from our own that it is difficult to appreciate and apply them."

Whole crux

"In the early days of the Revolution the position, as was natural, was vague and uncertain. The local Soviets seem to have been endowed with, or assumed, power. A formal constitution was promulgated on July 10, 1918, under which three bodies were created: (1) The All-Russian Congress; (2) The Executive Committee; and (3) The Council of People's Commissars. The first two had legislative powers, the third mainly administrative, although their decrees were from time to time accepted as legislation."

"At first an attempt was made to nationalise almost everything, but there were express enactments in favour of 'toilers,' which provided that, in cases where they were concerned, the law might be administered to some extent in their favour."

"After a time it was found that the policy of complete nationalisation could not be

maintained, and the beginning of a new economic policy occurred in 1922, ending with a Civil Code in January, 1923, which to some extent recognised private property, subject to certain exceptions in the case of property already transferred to the State."

That was the whole crux of the case. The court held that the Princess was in Russian law, "a person who had fled outside the confines of the Republic" within the meaning of the decree, and that the consequent confiscation of her property had been confirmed by the Civil Code, and, further, that, as the British Government had recognised the Russian Republic as a sovereign State, the English courts were bound to give effect to Russian law.

For similar reasons the court decided that, as the Russian Government had confiscated the Paley Palace as a museum, its whole contents became the property of the Republic.

Last hope

I have no doubt that the court was right. The law of England is inflexible, and it is not to be influenced by considerations of mere sympathy, however justifiable.

But... poor Princess Paley. Her last hope was gone. Her home had been taken from her, and an English court had said it was legal.

Well may she have said to herself: "My husband has been murdered. Would an English court tell me that was legal, too?"

TOMORROW:

**Mr Blennerhassett
And The Yo-Yo**

ble the American, most visitors conclude that soon the longest undefended frontier in the world will be rolled up overnight.

This superficial concept is an affront to the Canadian's spiritual depth and a rejection of his magnificent political record.

Since the Korean war rifts have occurred between Canada and the U.S.A. The paralyzing Canadian rail strike was brought about by American power politics. In matters of defence and in the sphere of international co-operation Canada and U.S.A. undoubtedly will come closer together. But domestically Canada will maintain her independence.

Angry Newspapers

Canada has violently resented U.S.A. criticisms of British policy in the Far East. Most Canadian papers keep emphasising that Britain was fighting Communism in Malaya unaided and unsung before the North Koreans got their first Russian tanks.

When Premier St. Laurent failed to contribute a brigade to the British Commonwealth Division for Korea, the average Canadian newspaper "blew its top."

"Why aren't we in it?" was their reaction. But as soon as the little Franco-Irish-Canadian lawyer said that the biggest danger spot was still Western Europe, they were mollified.

The inference was that Canadian troops were once more being reserved for aid to the British homeland in an emergency. This pleased almost everybody.

There are a thousand influential Canadian families entitled to write the letters U.E.L. behind their names. This is proudly in memory of the fact that their ancestors were United Empire Loyalists who came to Canada after the Boston Tea Party rather than live under "Old Glory."

The strongest women's organisation in this country is the Imperial Order of the Daughters of Empire, whose members worry like angry hens any politician who tries to get the Crown rubbed off Ontario automobile number plates, or substitute the Canadian flag for the Union Jack.

Loyal French

Though there are 5,000,000 French Canadians who are jealous of their language, laws, culture and religion, which they were allowed after honourable defeat in battle, the majority of them hang pictures of the Royal family over their mantelpieces.

Only a few extremists among the French-Canadians clamour for separation from the Crown, and even from Canada itself. Yet they fear dissolution in the American melting pot more than any other threat to their identity, and would fight to the last ditch against any such absorption by the U.S.A.

Canadian ploughers shared the same genuine grievance which drove the American ploughmen

rebel, but they suffered them rather than shed their heritage. Time has rewarded their patience and forbearance.

The link today consists of a single, splendid intangible—that the King of England is also the King of Canada. There is not the vestige of authority in Canadian monarchy, but its existence has incubated the idea of a profound significance.

An Empire is dying, but something stronger called the Commonwealth is taking its place. And it is in Canada that the Commonwealth ideal was born.

Nehru 'Saw'

The following story illustrates the birth of this ideal. The late Premier of Canada, Mr. Mackenzie King, went to London in 1948 for the Conference of Commonwealth Prime Ministers which was seeking to bring India in as a full partner.

Indian Premier, Pandit Nehru, had misgivings on two grounds. How could India join an association based on allegiance to a foreign crown? How could he personally, after eight years in British jails, be accepted as loyal?

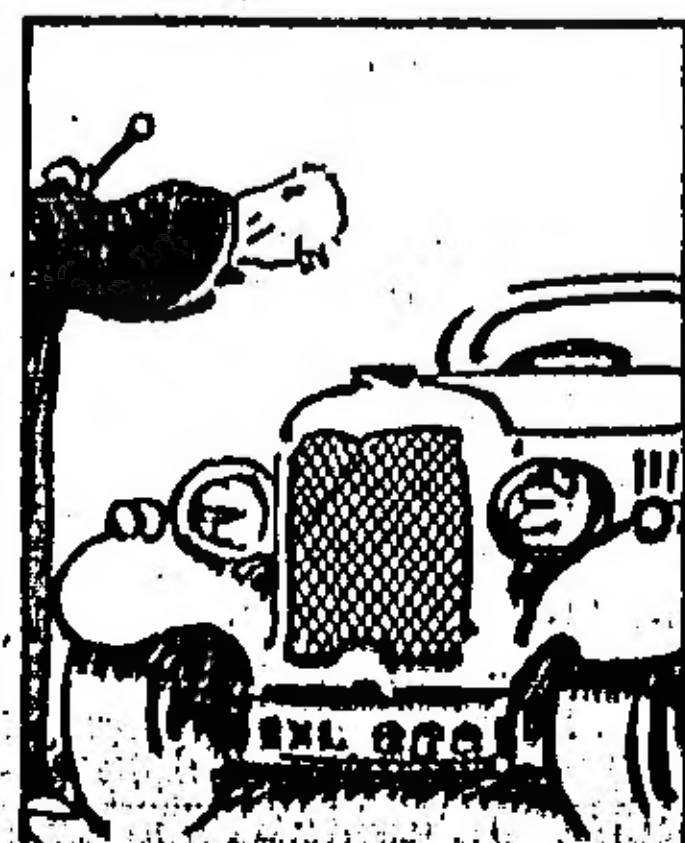
Mr King indicated the way to the historic compromise which was eventually reached.

He told Mr. Nehru that his most treasured possessions hung side by side in his Ottawa home. One was a proclamation offering £1,000 reward for the capture of his grandfather, the Canadian rebel, William Lyon Mackenzie. The other was his own Order of Merit.

He, the bosom friend of the British, was proud of a grandfather who had to flee a British hanging. Could Mr. Nehru see the point?

Mr. Nehru saw the point.

POP



The old look

THE HISTORIC BATTLE OF ALAMEIN

By Winston Churchill

The Battle of Alamein began on the night of Oct. 23, 1942. Gen. Montgomery had so successfully concealed the massing of three armoured divisions and the equivalent of seven infantry divisions that the attack achieved complete surprise.

IN the full moon nearly 1,000 guns opened up on the enemy batteries for 20 minutes, and then turned on to their infantry positions. Under this concentration of fire, deepened by bombing from the air, the XXXth (Gen. Leese) and XIIIth Corps (Gen. Horrocks) advanced.

Attacking on a front of four divisions, the whole XXXth Corps sought to cut two corridors through the enemy's fortifications. Behind them the two armoured divisions of the Xth Corps (Gen. Lumsden) followed to exploit success.

Strong advances were made under heavy fire, and by dawn deep inroads had been made. The engineers had cleared the mines behind the leading troops. Farther south the 4th Indian Division launched raids from the Ruweisat Ridge, while the 7th Armoured and 44th Divisions of the XIIIth Corps broke into the enemy defences opposite to them. This achieved its object of inducing the enemy to retain his two armoured divisions for three days behind this part of the front while the main battle developed in the north.

Deep system

So far, however, no hole had been blown in the enemy's deep system of minefields and defences. In the small hours of the 25th Montgomery held a conference of his senior commanders, at which he ordered the armour to press forward again before dawn in accordance to his original instructions.

During the day more ground was indeed gained, after hard fighting, but the feature known as Kidney Ridge became the

focus of an intense struggle with the enemy's 15th Panzer and Ariete armoured divisions, which made a series of violent counter-attacks. On the front of the XIIIth Corps the attack was pressed no farther, in order to keep the 7th Armoured Division intact for the climax.

There had been serious derangements in the enemy's command. Rommel had gone to hospital in Germany at the end of September, and his place was taken by Gen. Stumme. Within 24 hours of the start of the battle Stumme died of a heart attack. Rommel, at Hitler's request, left hospital and resumed his command late on the 25th.

Hard fighting

Hard fighting continued on Oct. 26 all along the deep bulge so far forced into the enemy line, and especially again at Kidney Ridge. The enemy Air Force, which had been quiescent on the previous two days, now made its definite challenge to our air superiority. There were many combats, ending mostly in our favour. The efforts of the XIIIth Corps had delayed but could not prevent the movement of the German armour to what they now knew was the decisive sector of their front. This movement, however, was severely smitten by our Air Force.

At this moment a new and fruitful thrust was made by the 9th Australian Division, under Gen. Morshead. They struck northwards from the bulge towards the sea. Montgomery was prompt to exploit this notable success. He held back the New Zealanders from their westward drive and ordered the Australians to continue their advance towards the north. This threatened the retreat of part of the German infantry division on the northern flank. At the same time he now felt that the momentum of his main attack was beginning to falter in the midst of the minefields and strongly posted anti-tank guns. He therefore regrouped his forces and reserves for a renewed and revived assault.

Break-through

All through the 27th and the 28th a fierce conflict raged for Kidney Ridge against the repeated attacks of the 15th and 21st Panzer Divisions, now arrived from the southern sector. Gen. Alexander has described the struggle in these words:

On Oct. 27 came a big armoured counter-attack in the old style. Five times they attacked with all available tanks, both German and Italian, but gained no ground and suffered heavy and, worse still, disproportionate casualties, for our tanks, fighting on the defensive, suffered but lightly. On Oct. 28 [the enemy] came again, [after] prolonged and careful reconnaissance all the morning, to find the weak spots and locate our anti-tank guns, followed by a smashing concentrated attack in the afternoon with the setting sun behind him.

The reconnaissance was less successful than in the old days, since both our tanks and anti-tank guns could engage him with longer range. When the enemy attempted to concentrate for the final attack the RAF once more intervened on a devastating scale. In two and a half hours bomber weapons were facing them along the Rahman track. In a long engagement, the brigade suffered severely, but the corridor behind was held open, and the 1st British Armoured Division moved forward through it.

Then came the last clash of armour in the battle. All the remaining enemy tanks attacked our salient on either flank, and were repulsed. Here was the final decision; but even next day, the 3rd, when our air reports indicated that the enemy's retirement had begun, his covering rearguard on the Rahman track still held the main body of our armour at bay.

An order came from Hitler forbidding any retreat, but the issue was no longer in German hands. Only one more hole had to be punched. Very early on Nov. 4, five miles south of Tel el Agagar, the 5th Indian Brigade launched a quickly

sorties dropped 80 tons of bombs in his concentration area, measuring three miles by two, and the enemy's attack was defeated before he could even complete his forming up. This was the last occasion on which the enemy attempted to take the initiative.

In these days of Oct. 26 and 28 three enemy tankers of vital importance were sunk by air attack, thus rewarding the long series of air operations which were an integral part of the land battle.

Montgomery now made his plans and dispositions for the decisive break-through (Operation "Supercharge"). He took out of the line the 2nd New Zealand and the 1st British Armoured Divisions, the latter being in special need of reorganisation after its notable share in the repulse of the German armour at Kidney Ridge. The British 7th Armoured and 51st Divisions and a brigade of the 44th were brought together and the whole welded into a new reserve. The break-through was to be led by the 2nd New Zealand Division, the 151st and 152nd British Infantry Brigades, and the 9th British Armoured Brigade. Meanwhile, in Alexander's words,

Forward drive

On the night of Oct. 28 and again on Oct. 30 the Australians attacked northwards towards the coast, succeeding finally in isolating in the pocket thus formed the four [German] battalions remaining there. The enemy appear to have been firmly convinced that we intended to strike up the road and railway, and he reacted to our thrust most vigorously.

He moved up his 21st Armoured Division from its position west of our salient, added to it his 90th Light Division, which was guarding the northern flank of the salient, and put in both in furious attacks to relieve his encircled troops. Into the position vacated by the 21st Armoured Division he put the Trieste Division, his last uncommitted reserve formation.

The magnificent forward drive of the Australians, achieved by ceaseless bitter fighting, had swung the whole battle in our favour. At 1 a.m. on Nov. 2 "Supercharge" began. Under a barrage of 300 guns the British Brigades attached to the New Zealand Division broke through the defended zone, and the 5th British Armoured Brigade drove on ahead. They found, however, that a new line of

mounted attack which was completely successful. The battle was now won, and the way finally cleared for our armour to pursue across the open desert.

Congratulations

Prime Minister to Gen. Alexander.

4 Nov., '42. I send you my heartfelt congratulations on the splendid feat of arms achieved by the Eighth Army under the command of your brilliant lieutenant, Montgomery, in the Battle of Egypt. Although the fruits may take some days or even weeks to gather it is evident that an event of the first magnitude has occurred which will play its part in the whole future course of the World War.

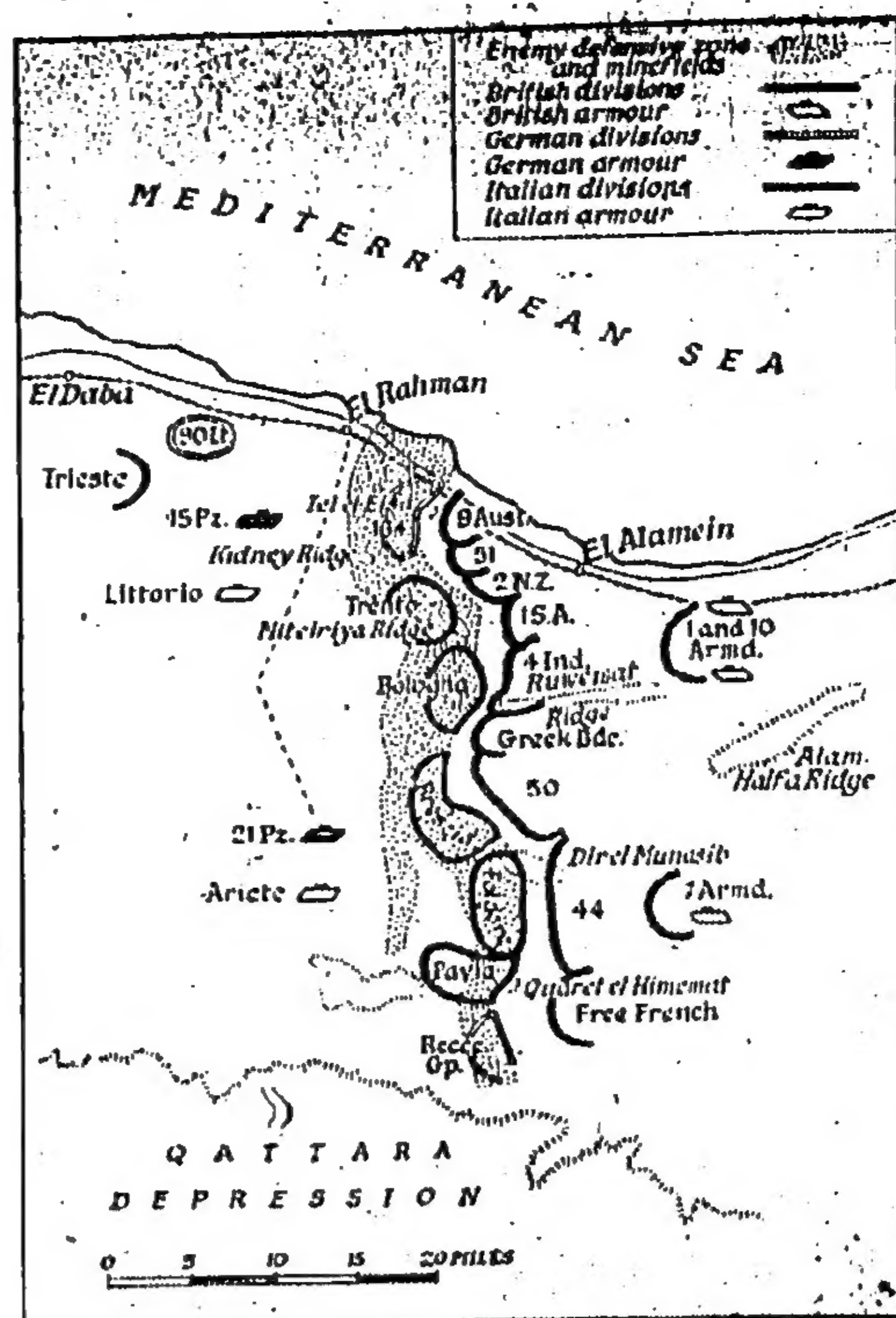
If the reasonable hopes of your telegram [announcing the break-through] are maintained, and wholesale captures of the enemy and a general retreat are apparent, I propose to ring the bells all over Britain for the first time this war. Try to give me the moment to do this in the next few days. At least 20,000 prisoners would be necessary.

Rommel was now in full retreat, but there was transport and petrol for only a part of his force, and the Germans gave themselves priority in vehicles. Many thousands of men from six Italian divisions were left stranded in the desert, with little food or water, and no future but to be rounded up into prison camps. The battlefield was strewn with masses of destroyed or useless tanks, guns and vehicles.

The German Air Force had given up the hopeless task of combating our superior Air, which now operated almost unhindered, attacking with all its resources the great columns of men and vehicles struggling westward. Rommel has himself paid notable tribute to the great part played by the Royal Air Force. His army had been decisively beaten; his lieutenant, Gen. von Thoma, was in his hands, with nine Italian generals.

Good hopes

There seemed good hopes of turning the enemy's disaster into annihilation. The New Zealand Division was directed on Fuka, but when they reached it on Nov. 5 the enemy had already passed. There was still a chance that they might be cut off at Mersa Matruh, whither the 1st and 7th British Armoured Divisions had been directed. By nightfall on the 6th they were hearing their objective while the enemy were still trying to escape from the closing trap. But then the enemy moved forward



THE OPPOSING FORCES, OCT. 23, 1942

Throughout the 7th our pursuit was halted. The 24-hour respite prevented complete encirclement. Nevertheless four German divisions and eight Italian divisions had ceased to exist as fighting formations. Thirty thousand prisoners were taken, with enormous masses of material of all kinds. The account of this rout may end with an extract from Gen. Alexander's telegram of Nov. 9.

This great battle can be divided into four stages:

The grouping and concentration of our forces for battle and deception methods employed, which gained for us surprise, that battle-winning factor.

The break-in attack—that great concentration of force of all arms which punched a hole deep into his defences, and by its disruption created artificial flanks which gave us further opportunities for exploitation.

The thrust now here, now there, which drew off his forces and made him use up his reserves in stopping holes and in repeated counter-attacks.

The final thrust, which disrupted his last remaining line of defence and broke a way through — through which poured our armoured and mobile formations.

Limited front

The Battle of Alamein differed from all previous fighting in the Desert. The front was limited, heavily fortified, and held in strength. There was no flank to turn. A break-through must be made by whoever was the stronger and wished to take the offensive. In this way we are led back to the battles of the First World War on the Western Front.

We see repeated here in Egypt the same kind of trial of strength as was presented at Cambrai at the end of 1917, and in many of the battles of 1918,

namely, short and good communications for the assailants, the use of artillery in its heaviest concentration, the "drumfire barrage" and the forward rush of tanks.

In all this Gen. Montgomery and his chief, Alexander, were deeply versed by experience, study and thought. Montgomery was a great artilleryist. He believed, as Bernard Shaw said of Napoleon, that "cannons kill men." Always we shall see him trying to bring three or four hundred guns into action under one concerted command, instead of the skirmishing of batteries which was the inevitable accompaniment of swoops of armour in wide desert spaces.

The turning

Of course everything was on a far smaller scale than in France and Flanders. We lost more than 13,000 men at Alamein in 12 days and nearly 60,000 on the first day of the Somme. On the other hand, the fire-power of the defensive had fearfully increased since the previous war, and in those days it was always considered that a concentration of two or three to one was required, not only in artillery, but men, to pierce and break a carefully fortified line.

We had nothing like this superiority at Alamein. The enemy's front consisted not only of successive lines of strong-points and machine-gun posts, but of a whole deep area of such a defensive system. And in front of all there lay the tremendous shield of minefields of a quality and density never known before. For these reasons the Battle of Alamein will ever make a glorious page in British military annals.

There is another reason why it will survive. It marked in fact the turning of "the Hinge of Fate." It may almost be said, "Before Alamein we never had a victory. After Alamein we never had a defeat."

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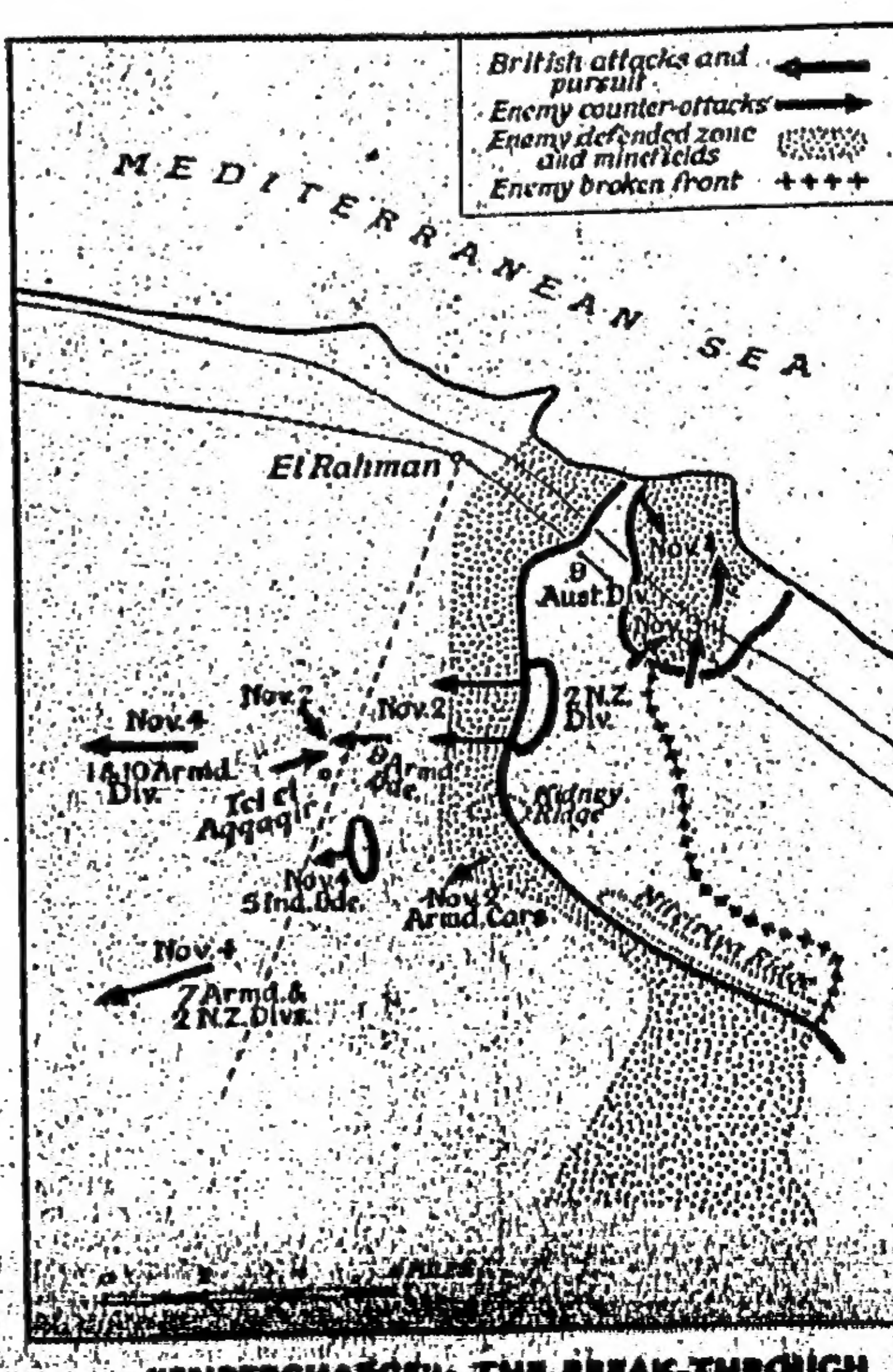
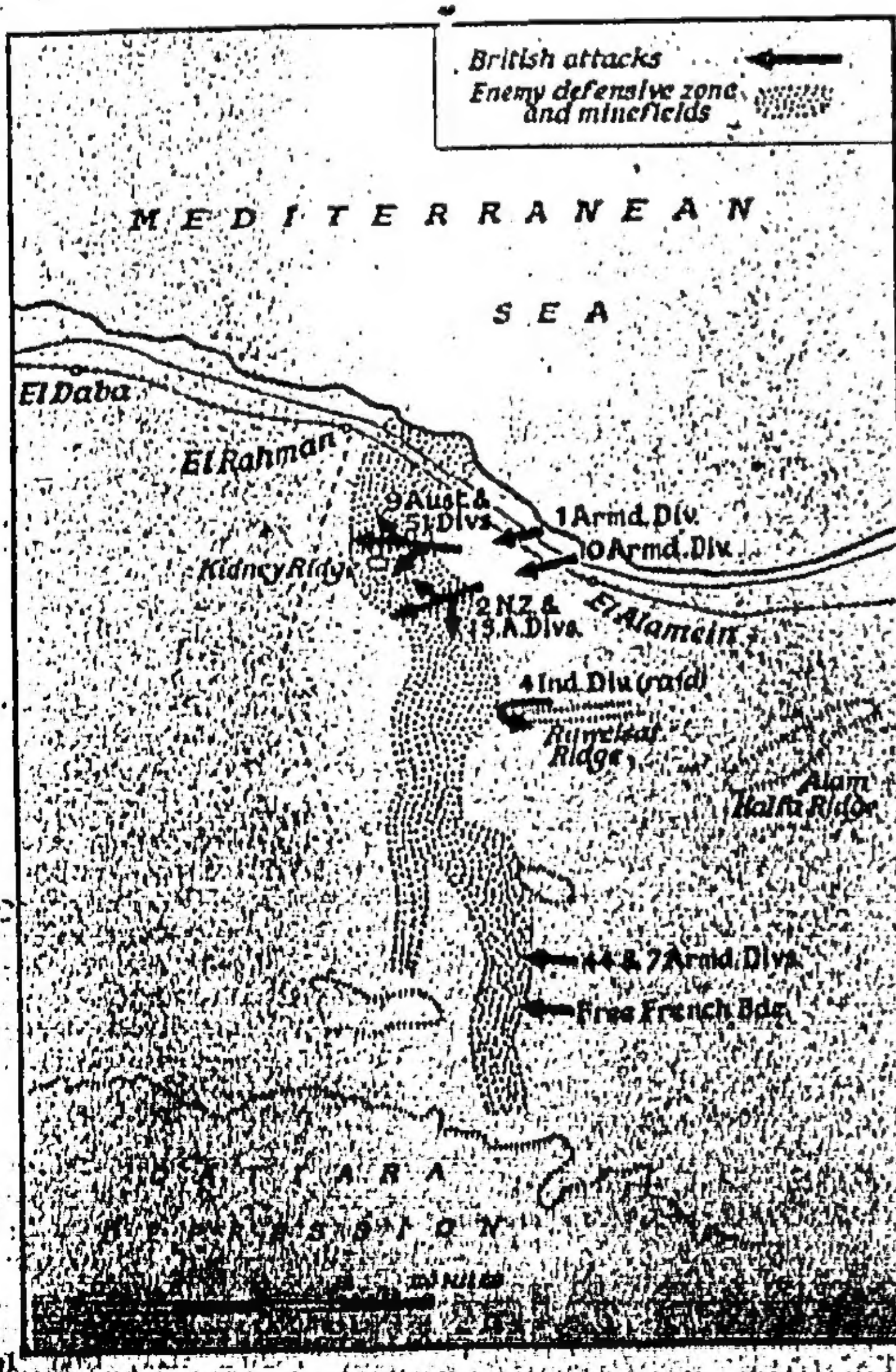
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NOTICE

THE HONG KONG
JOCKEY CLUBDraft Programmes and
Entry Forms for the 13th
Race Meeting to be held on
Saturday, 16th December,
1950, (weather permitting)
may be obtained at the
Secretary's Office, Tele-
phone House, the Club
House, Happy Valley; and
the Stables, Shan Kwong
Road.Entries close at 12 o'clock
NOON on Thursday, 7th
December, 1950.

By Order,

S. A. SLEAP,

Secretary.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that
by a Deed of Dissolution
dated the 30th day of No-
vember, 1950, the partner-
ship hitherto subsisting be-
tween the undersigned in
the trade or business of1) The American Flour Co.
2) Christensen & Co.has by mutual consent been
dissolved and that the affairs
of the above named firms
will be liquidated not later
than the 31st day of Decem-
ber, 1950. All persons, firms
and corporations are re-
quested to send in their
claims (if any) to the under-
signed not later than the
10th day of December, 1950.
Dated the 1st day of De-
cember, 1950.E. CHRISTENSEN
LEUNG KING SAU,
Room 402, Holland House,
Queen's Road, Central.

NOTICE

Owing to the late arrival
of the S.S. "Chuan" the
Girl Guides Association Re-
ception for Miss A. Wilson
planned for tomorrow has
now been cancelled, and will
take place on Wednesday,
6th December at Sandilands
Hut at 5 p.m.

NOTICE

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

Notice to Shareholders

Notice is hereby given that
an Interim Dividend of One
Dollar per share and a Bonus
of Fifty Cents per share on
the Company's Issued Capital
has been declared payable on
the 15th December, 1950, free
of tax.The Share Transfer Books
will be closed from Wednes-
day, 6th December, 1950, to
Friday, 15th December, 1950,
(inclusive) for the purpose of
the preparation of Dividend
Warrants.Dividend Warrants will be
issued at the Registered Office
of the Company, 1st Floor,
Telephone House, Hong
Kong, between 9.00 a.m. and
5.00 p.m. on Friday, 15th
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21st November, 1950.

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Y. H. CHAN,

Manager.

Swedes Win 7-1

DJURGARDENS SHOW US
HOW MUCH OUR SOCCER
HAS DETERIORATED

By "SPIV"

The Swedish Djurgardens Soccer team yesterday emulated the feat of their predecessors, the Helsingborg XI, in trouncing the Hongkong Combined Chinese by the identical score of seven goals to one.

In record, the Djurgardens are now on level terms with Helsingborg, whose first match against the Hongkong Combined ended in a 2-1 victory.

In standard of play, however, opinion among the 15,000 spectators, who had expected a close game yesterday, was almost unanimous that better football was seen in last year's match. The pace was much slower, and conspicuously missing were the fine precise first time passes shown by the Helsingborg team, whose ball control was comparatively much more accurate.

Still there were a few lessons in the essence of good play that could be learnt. The dashing combined forward movements, utilisation of the open spaces, through passing of the ball to where the player should be and not where he is, and rapid covering in defence were among them.

The three outstanding players among the visitors yesterday were the blonde 27-year-old and six-foot tall Bert Iverson, at centre-half, Kjell Cronqvist in goal and Han Jeppson at centre-forward.

Hilmer Pettersson, the Shang-hai-born boy, though not as fast as Helsingborg's Martensson, gave an impressive performance, showing excellent ball control and sending in well placed passes and centres, from which two of the visitors' goals came.

Jeppson was an ideal centre-forward, packing a pile-driving shot in both feet, dangerous one side. With only the goal-keeper to beat, he sent in a weak grounder into the hands of the goalkeeper.

In the unaccustomed position of right wing, Ko Po-keung was completely out of place. But for the bad habit of trying to be a sixth forward during the first half, and leaving the opposing right wing unmarked, Tong Sheung gave a good account of himself.

Diminutive Kwok Ying-kee, at centre-half, who was given the unenviable task of shadowing centre-forward Jeppson, was perhaps the best player in the local defence, particularly in the first half.

As to the play itself, Hong-kong had about as much of the ball as the Swedes in the first 35 minutes of play. Both defences were prominent during this period until the 35th minute when Hongkong began to crack up. A beautiful square passing movement between the Swedish inside-left and centre-forward from midfield got the ball past one Hongkong right-half and right-back, ending in a waist high shot into the net from inside-left Cedeborg.

There minutes later, an up-ward feeding pass by the Swedish right-half was pushed across to the right by Cedeborg to centre-forward Jeppson who gave Chu Chee-sing no chance with a rasping right foot from 10 yards range. The interval came with the Swedes two goals up.

The second half saw the Swedes dominating the play against an exhausted Hongkong defence. In the 7th minute, right wing Pettersson brought up the ball from the mid-line, pushed it to inside-right Anderson, who swerved to the right and banged in a cross grounder past Chu Chee-sing's outstretched hands into the goal.

Four minutes later, centre-forward Jeppson converted a cross ground pass from Peterson with a first-timer at point blank range.

Hongkong's only goal came at this stage when a penalty for elbowing by centre-half Iverson was converted by Chu Wing-keung.

Jeppson brought the score to 5-1 soon after with a through run, following up with another goal in the 30th minute from a miskick by Nien.

A final goal by inside-left Cedeborg from a backward ground pass by Jeppson in the closing minutes, ended the game with a 7-1 victory for the visitors.

THE TEAMS
The teams were:
Djurgardens: Kjell Cronqvist; Ingvar Pettersson, Arne Blomqvist; Berger Stenman, Bert Iverson, S. Andersson; Hilmer Pettersson, Hans Andersson, Hans Jeppson, Nils Cedeborg, Stig Nystrom (Lennart Forsberg in second half).
Combined Chinese: Chu Chee-sing; Ng Koi-chong, S. S. Nien; Fung Kwan-sing (Foo Hee-wing in second half); Kwok Ying-kee; Tong Sheung, Ho Ying-fan (Ko Po-keung in second half); Lee Chung-fat, Tong Wong, Yue Cheuk-yin, Chau Wing-keung.

Hilmer Pettersson—not as good as Martensson, but good enough.



Mr. David Astley, Djurgardens trainer and former Welsh International. His boys held up Helsingborg's record against the Combined Chinese. — China Mail Photo.

INTERPORT
HOCKEY TRIAL
ON SUNDAY

The following have been selected to take part in the second Interport hockey trial at Kowloon Park on Sunday, December 17, 10 a.m. to 12 p.m.

Whites: J. Koh (Nomads), A. L. Nery (Recrolo), A. A. Remedios (Recrolo), W. Reed (Recrolo), Bhagat Singh (Argonauts), McMillen (RAF), L/C MacKenzie (Army), L/C Gardner (Army), A. A. Marquess (Recrolo), Brown (RAF).

Colours: — Cpl. Partridge (Army); Cpl. Stubbs (Army); J. B. Gonsalves (Recrolo); Capt. Dudley (Army); Capt. Fitz-Gibbon (Army); G. Walker (Argonauts); Major Lambie (Army); P. Rull (Argonauts); Roza (Recrolo); R. Collico (Recrolo); B. Xavier (Argonauts).

Reserves to attend: J. A. Sequeira, A. M. Alves, J. A. Soares, C. A. Guterres (Recrolo); J. Winter, Bullock (R.A.F.); QMS Webb, L/C Taylor (Army); M. Yusuf (Thunderbolts); Fraser (H.K.H.C.); G. J. Sequeira (Argonauts); A. Poniash (University).

Umpires: G. T. Palmer and A. M. Silva.

Will all players bring two shirts (one white, one coloured). All those unable to play please inform Mr. P. F. Xavier (Tel. 20026) as early as possible.

All League hockey matches scheduled to take place on Sunday have been postponed to a later date.

English Table
Tennis FinalsLondon, Dec. 2.
Aloisj Ehrlich, the exiled Pole living in France, won the English Table Tennis Singles title tonight by defeating Brian Kennedy, youthful York-shireman serving in the RAF.

Ehrlich, powerful in defence and superb in positioning, won 25-23, 21-13, 21-12.

Ehrlich holds the English title for the second time. He won it first in 1935. Between these table tennis triumphs Ehrlich, now 75 years old, was confined for two years in German concentration camps.

Ehrlich reached the final by defeating Toothoft of France by 14-21, 18-17, 6-7, 10-5. In the third and fourth games the referee imposed a rule, rare in championship play, that a game could last no longer than ten minutes.

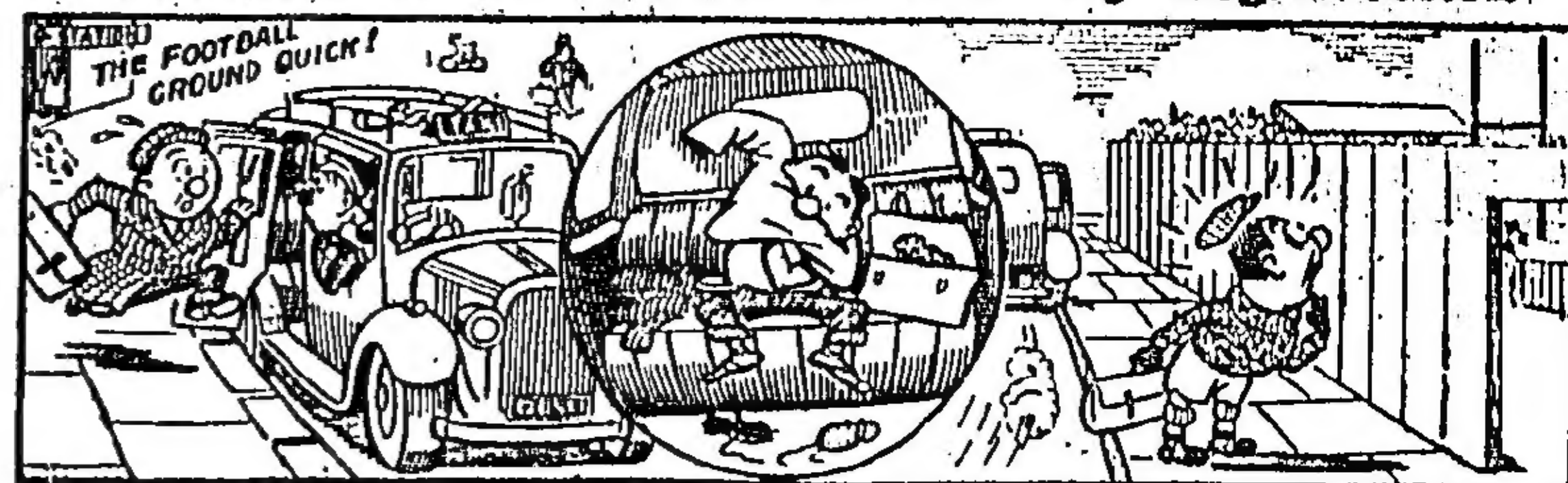
Kennedy reached the final by defeating Aubrey Simons, English internationalist.

Trudi Fritz of Austria, a former world champion, took the Women's Singles Championship. It is the fifth year in succession that it has been won from England.

Miss Fritz, 40, of Hohen-Elms, Barmen, 21-18, 21-10, 21-9.

SPORTING SAM

By Reg. Wootton



Week-end Softball

Caroliners Topple The Jags
3-1 In The Feature Game
Of The Senior League

By 'GRANDSTAND'

South China toppled the Jaguars 3-1 in yesterday's softball Senior League feature game, as the League leaders burst apart at the seams in the crucial sixth inning when an outbreak of errors plagued them, while St. Joseph's snatched the Madcap bid with a 6-4 decision to retain a grip on the pennant scramble.

In the other major loop tussle, Overseas were subdued by the Americans in an overtime scuffle, the Yanks breaking up a 10-all deadlock in the eight to emerge 12-10 victors.

In the Junior League, Dela-wares overwhelmed Griffins 9-3 in their return encounter while Rexes narrowly averted a loss by pulling the game out of the fire in the last chapter with a two run rally that ended 7-5 in their favour.

For a change the White Fangs played heads-up ball and almost turned the tables on the strong Canuckette outfit, but were turned back 4-2 as they failed to solve Alice Mar's deadly hurling which accounted for seven via the strikeout route. Clovers suffered another setback when they were massacred by the free-hitting Squaws in a 20-7 score.

SOUTH CHINA 3-JAGUARS 1

Once more South China hur-ler Wong Po-chiu mastered the sluggers with his tantalising offerings yielding only three safe hits to the opposition, two of which were bunched up in the second for the Jaguars lone tally.

As we surmised, Jaguar mas-termined Frankie Barros started steady Jock Brown on the mound, but while Brown's pitching proved effective, the support in the infield was little short of ragged.

The opening frame passed by with no damage on either side, but the Jolting Jaguars tallied once in the next chapter when Tony Silva singled, pliffed second base, and rode home on Gabby Pereira's timely hit.

Not to be outdone, the Caro-liners charged right back into the fray and taking advantage of two infield bobbles, evened the count as P. A. Lee crossed the platter standing up. The third inning passed scoreless and that seemed to set the pattern for the subsequent frames, neither side getting as far as third base until the bottom of the sixth inning.

Even as the string of goose eggs mounted on the score-board, fans were settling down to a tight game, waiting for that break which would de-cide the issue.

Your scribe seemed to have called the shot last week when it was pointed out that the first error in the crucial spot would be disastrous, and that happened in the sixth when Tony Silva ran back into deep centre and muffed a catch.

Gus Pereira at short stop bunched a grounder and two runners were on base. When K. F. Chan rolled to shortstop next, Pereira heaved it into the dirt and the tie-breaker crossed over. The epidemic ap-peared to be chronic as Per-eira elected to run down a base-runner for the third out while Lee at third base scampered home for another tally.

The sudden reverse seemed to have knocked the wind out of the Jaguars and Tony Sil-va, coming in w bat in the final semester was over an-nxious to make good, and was called out for batting out of the box.

Gus Pereira fled out to catch while Chanda Ped-ruco, pinch-hitting for Dick Pereira, received a reprieve

on an error, Jock Brown fled out to deep right to realise that the hitherto undefeated Jaguars had suffer-ed their first humiliation.

It was a sorry day for men-tor Barros whose Clovers were also trampled under in the Ladies' loop.

SAINTS 6-MADCAPS 4

St. Joseph's alighted back into the pennant picture again as they subdued the Madcap bid 6-4 behind fastball Jimmy Criss' hurling stint. Criss limited the opposition to three scattered singles while his mates jumped on Madcap hur-ler Kelly Silva-Netto for five solid blows.

Barnie Leonard found his batting eye again as he had a perfect day at the platter with three slashing cuts, two of them to the right as he pulled for the fence.

The Saints took advantage of an unsettled Madcap side and tallied three times in the initial frame on a walk, two hits and a sacrifice. The Mad-caps were unable to reply in their half with two runners on base as Marques was nail-ed at the plate on a bullet re-lay from Leon Mayfield to catcher Dick Perry. Edo Al-molda line-driven to the catcher while Rene Sequeira fled out to deep centre.

Madcaps were held scoreless again in the second as Sherry Bucks in centre-field drew the thunder with a shoestring catch right off the grass-tops to nip a rally. Saints chalked up three more in their batting, half on a walk and a couple of fumbles in the field.

Madcaps broke the ice in the third. Vas drew a walk and Kelly Silva-Netto was given a life when catcher Per-ry dropped a third strike. A neat burn by Frank Barros, followed by a wild peg, found both runners crossing the plate.

The next three innings passed in rapidity as neither side could get any headway with both the Saints and Mad-caps applying the screw with telling effect. In the top of the seventh, with the Madcaps coming in for their last lick, Buster Wade made first base on an infield error, followed by Willie Sprinkle who was hit by a pitched ball.

Graham Crookdale, pinch-hitting for Ollie Vas, came through with a bingle to slim the lead by two runs, but

Crookdale, the eager beaver, ran before the pitch and was called out.

The ballgame was up to hur-ler Kelly Silva-Netto himself, but all he could produce was a weak roller to second to end it.

The Madcaps sported their brand new uniforms in blue and gold to snatch the honour of being the best dressed team on the local diamond.

JUNIOR LEAGUE

The junior league Falcons—St. Teresa's tilt provided some excitement when the Torries had the winning run on second base in the bottom of the seventh, but failed in their strategy when they tried for the safe hit instead of a sacri-fice for the decisive tally.

Charlie Ozorio made first with none away and stole second, but Gerry Noronha at bat lined out to first base. In a fit of desperation, Ozorio at-tempted to purloin third base and was nailed out by yards.

Roza grounded out and the scuffle went into extra innings, which gave the Falcons a chance to pull through 4-3.

The Rexes, who are still un-defeated, almost had their first setback yesterday when the Wildfires extended them for six full frames before faltering in the seventh when Rahka walked, Tipe got on first through an error, both scoring when Karim belted a hard grounder which was too hot to handle.

LADIES' LEAGUE

The White Fangs dished out a creditable display when they had the Canadians scared throughout the game, and it was a brilliant catch by Canu-keite centre-fielder Rosina Wong which prevented a White Fang uprising.

In the 4-2 Maple Leaf vic-tory, Mignon Yin contributed her share with a homer to score Cheung Sul-fong and Connie Lai ahead of her.

Clovers were no match for the heavy-hitting Squaws, who connected for a total of 11 hits, including homers by Joyce Guest and Celeste Guterres.

The only saving grace in the 20-7 slaughter, were Thelma Coelho's two in three perfor-mance for the Clovers, one of which was a round-tripper.

KCC Tennis

Results of the Kowloon Club Sunday League tennis matches played at the Club yesterday were:

Purple Socks beat Green Socks by 5-4:
Miss M. McNeil and A. V. White (purple) beat Miss L. Coxall and Major Digby 6-4, 6-4;
Mrs. M. Pepperell and L. Leouzon beat Mrs. N. Van Nostrum and E. K. Abbas 6-2, 6-2;
Mrs. H. A. C. Hill and G. G. Cousins lost to R. N. Lawes and R. E. Beck 6-0, 6-0;
Black Socks beat White Socks by 6-4:
Miss A. Birt and L. P. Stokes (black) lost to Miss N. Lambert Baker and L. Col R. Black 6-3, 6-7;
Miss H. Fraser and Capt. Clayton lost to Mrs. A. Whitney and R. N. Manley 6-7, 6-7;
Miss B. Greaves and Daniel Chen beat Miss M. Fisher and C. En-carnacao 6-4, 10-6, 6-0.

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"BEAUVAIS" from Europe 20th Dec.

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PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

"FELIX ROUSSEL" to Marseilles via Manila 10th Jan.
"LA MARSEILLAISE" to Yokohama & Kobe 28th Jan.
"LA MARSEILLAISE" to Marseilles via Manila 8th Feb.

FREIGHT SERVICE

"AURAY" N. Africa & Europe 15th Dec.
"BEAUVAIS" N. Africa & Europe 15th Jan.

PORT SAID, TUNIS, MARSEILLES, ALGIERS, ORAN,
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"AURAY" to Saigon 15th Dec.

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Painting the portrait of Princess Margaret in Henry M. Carr, seen here at work in his Chelsea studio. The Princess wears her uniform as Commandant-in-Chief of the St. John Ambulance Brigade Cadets.

57 Other Brightons Called To Festival

Councillor S. Davey, the Mayor of Brighton, has invited the mayors and officials of the 57 towns and villages in the United States, the Commonwealth and Empire which bear the same name, to attend the Festival of Britain celebrations in the Sussex seaside resort next summer.

HAD GOLD PROBLEM IN 1660

Mr Harold Wilson, President of the Board of Trade, is encouraged daily by the thought that gold reserves are not more precious to Britain now than they were in good King Charles' golden days.

When he glances at the side table near his desk he sees a photostat copy of "Instructions for the Council of Trade," which was instituted by Charles II 290 years ago.

Although there are no references to the dollar problem which had not arisen in 1660, article 10 of this quaint document reads: "You are to consider the several matters relating to money, how bulgeous (bullion) may best be drawn in, and how any obstructions upon our mint may be best removed."

TRADE GAP
The trade gap too, it would appear, is an old problem.

Article 7 begins: "You are seriously to consider and enquire whether the importation of foreign commodities does not overbalance the exportations of such as are native, and how it may be so ordered, remedied and proportioned that we may have more sellers than buyers in every part abroad, and that the coyne and present stock of these our kingdoms may be preserved and increased."

The Council of Trade was instituted by Charles II on the advice of Lord Clarendon in November 1660. Its membership of 62 included privy councillors, merchants, sea captains and bankers.

The original manuscript of the instructions, in which Mr Wilson takes a keen delight, is in the British Museum.

SIBELIUS BIRTHDAY CONCERT

Helsinki.
Far from the pomp scheduled for his 85th birthday, December 8, lives Jean Sibelius, Finland's greatest composer.

Although he has not appeared in public for 15 years, even for his own festivals, Sibelius will come to Helsinki for a government-sponsored festival concert on December 8.

His first symphony, his overture to Shakespeare's "The Tempest," and other works will be performed by an orchestra and a 600-member choir, with soprano soloist Aulikki Rautavaara.

The concert will be broadcast through Finnish and Scandinavian radio networks, and by radio stations in Germany.

During December, all seven of Sibelius' symphonies, and many of his 105 other works will be performed in Helsinki.

The Helsinki city council is considering a "Sibelius Festival Week" next summer. It will probably include seven orchestral concerts, and several chamber music and vocal concerts, with other composers being presented as well as the great Finn.

The plan depends upon the number of Finnish and foreign tourists likely to visit Helsinki next summer.

There are 44 Brightons in the United States, eight of them in New York State alone. Canada has six, Australia two, and the others are in New Zealand, Tasmania, Trinidad, Jamaica, and the Orange River Colony.

It is believed that all these places, which range in size from towns to small settlements, took their name from the famous British resort.

Brighton is one of the 23 selected provincial towns at which Festivals of the Arts will be staged, and the main event will be a Regency Exhibition in the Royal Pavilion. Their Majesties the King and Queen have generously consented to lend works of art from Buckingham Palace, and important furniture of the period from other collections, including the famous Dolphin furniture commemorating Nelson's victories, will also be on view.

Other events will include a Grand Pageant—a cavalcade of Brighton through the ages—a series of special concerts by the Southern Philharmonic Orchestra with leading guest conductors, military display, illuminations, book exhibitions, and a Festival of Rottingdean when parts of Rudyard Kipling's home will be open to the public.

It is also intended to hold a Regency cricket match in the dress of the period in mid-August.

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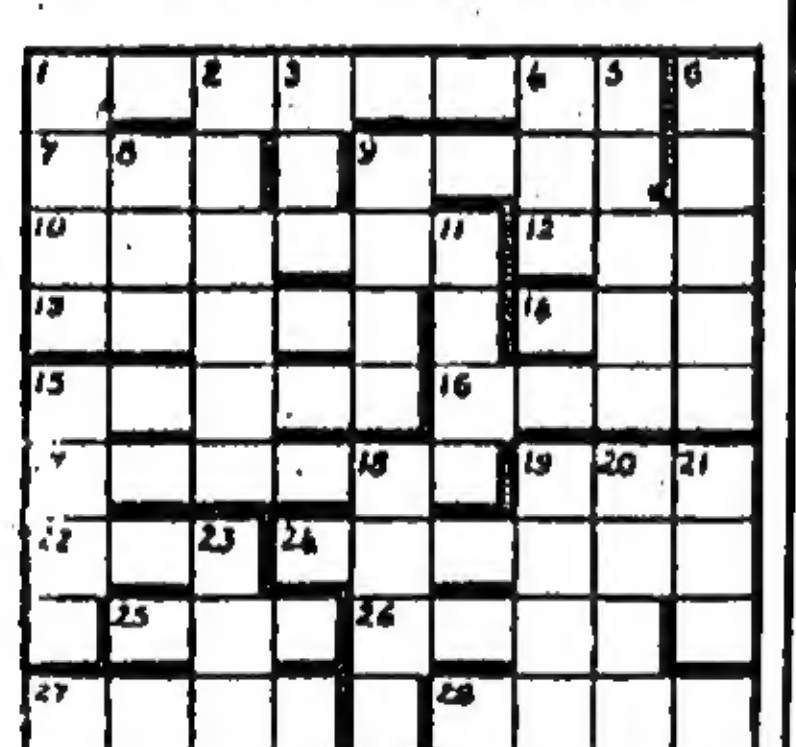
BY THE WAY
by Beachcomber

IN a hard-hitting speech at Wobstock yesterday, Mrs Wretch made it clear that the granting of powers by the Government to unauthorised persons to enter private houses suspected of being used for the manufacture of plastic pumice stone does not mean that these powers will be used very much.

The same applies to dog-kennels suspected of being used to store medicated chalk, flats which might harbour growers of salsify, bungalows owned by potential makers of elastic waterproof scissors for cutting fish under water, and managers of public baths who might use the premises to make cardboard horses for dolls' houses.

Cattle-king Chadstone
MR CHADSTONE'S success in getting Government aid for Marine House led some of the less successful big hotels at Shingleham-on-Sea to offer him a job as an American tourist at times when the inspectors were likely to be prowling. Thus it came about that the people sitting quietly in the lounge of the Esplanade Palace were startled when a man with nothing of the librarian about him, and not recognisable as Mrs McGurgle's American, strode through the swing-doors and greeted one and all with a cry of "Ride him, buckaroo!" The Manager explained to the inspector that this was a big ranch owner. "Yep," shouted Mr Chadstone. "And, oh my boy, is this dump kinda corny after Pawtucket. I will say it is. Say, way back home, I'm the darndest, shootinest, three-gun rustler 'tween Detroit and ill ole Philadelphia. Reckon I cud shoot ma way outa this joint with a waddish-pistol. Yeah. Mr Manager, tell your tysons to slip me a minted Juliet, or do I have to let Hell loose? Get

CROSSWORD



Across
1. Permits (6)
2. Verse from modern writings (4)
3. This is a charge (4)
4. To become this you must be in a position to sell (6)
5. Age of the mermaid (4)
6. Post may be used as an alternative (5)
7. A fierce one may scatter ships (3)
8. Age fitted with rage (4)
9. Could make one of the scattered (4)
10. Let bee become a scarab (4)
11. The cost of a good team (4)
12. Few may bid for it (4)
13. Reason for the vote I'm recording (4)
14. This man is often 20 (4)
15. See 26 across (4)
16. Is once changed shape (4)
17. On a small hill it will pour (4)
Down
1. Found in a cloven hoof (4)
2. Here you get to the core (6)
3. On this may mean you're being rude (4)
4. The night before in Never Never Land (4)
5. Any growler will tell you that you get this from a Pyrus (4)
6. Footwear (4)
7. Retreat in the garden (4)
8. This ship is tied to a peer (4)
9. Carried by someone or something (4)
10. This is not necessarily at a stenographer's finger tips (4)
11. Severely without a single pizzery (4)
12. There's a slippery customer in the steel works (4)
13. Minus thirteen (4)
14. Solution of yesterday's puzzle—Across is: Boris (4), Down: 15. Tantalus (4), 16. Ascriber (4), 17. Under (4), 18. Alive (4), 19. Waddish (4), 20. Down (4), 21. A Pyrus (4), 22. Footwear (4), 23. Retreat (4), 24. This ship (4), 25. Carried (4), 26. This is not necessarily at a stenographer's finger tips (4), 27. Severely without a single pizzery (4), 28. There's a slippery customer in the steel works (4), 29. Minus thirteen (4).

Check Your Knowledge
1. What religion uses a mosque as a place of worship?
2. What is the origin of cork?
3. Deduce episcopate.
4. What is the meaning of the expression "between Scylla and Charybdis"?
5. Can you tell a rattlesnake's age by the number of joints in its rattle?
6. What is melinolate?
(Answers on Page 12)

crackin', ole timer." The Manager smiled at the inspector, as though to say, "You know what these Americans are."

Fingers snapped at elephant

THE arrival by air from Ceylon of an elephant with 22 toes (two more than is usual) raises the whole question. But so long as its big toes are painted, and peep horribly from its hefty sandals, I don't care a curse.

YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

MONDAY, DECEMBER 4

IF you are born today, you have a good business mind and a considerable executive ability. You have self-confidence and the ability to reach the heights of your ambition. You like excitement and activity on one hand, but on the other, you enjoy being in the country close to nature. You are the type who can work at high speed to get a job finished, and then slow down to almost a stop. Since you enjoy travel, you will probably see much of the world during your lifetime.

However, you must avoid worrying too much, for half the time the things you waste energy on are the things that

never occur. You are moody at times, also, and must curb a tendency to be short-tempered with those who are less rapid mentally, than you are. The one thing you dislike above all else is a shirker.

Your emotions are strong and near the surface. You love having your own home and family. An early marriage would bring you the greatest happiness. You are kindly and sympathetic at heart and can make those you love very happy, indeed.

To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Haste can only make waste today. Take things slowly and easily to avoid serious errors.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—Don't argue. Budget your expenses carefully to avoid extravagance.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—Shopping should be on your agenda for today. Only twenty more days until Christmas.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 21)—Time can work out a solution to some problem for you. Don't try to rush it today.

ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 20)—Emotions don't have a place in today's decisions. Be considerate in solving family problems.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Don't overdo the social today. Save some time for quiet relaxation. Read; listen to music.

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—Return some favour today. Be

friendly and co-operative with others and you will be rewarded.

CANCER (June 23-July 23)—Be diplomatic in developing social and business connections to aid you. Don't get into an argument.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—The domestic scene can be smoothed out if you take the family's feelings into consideration. Be patient.

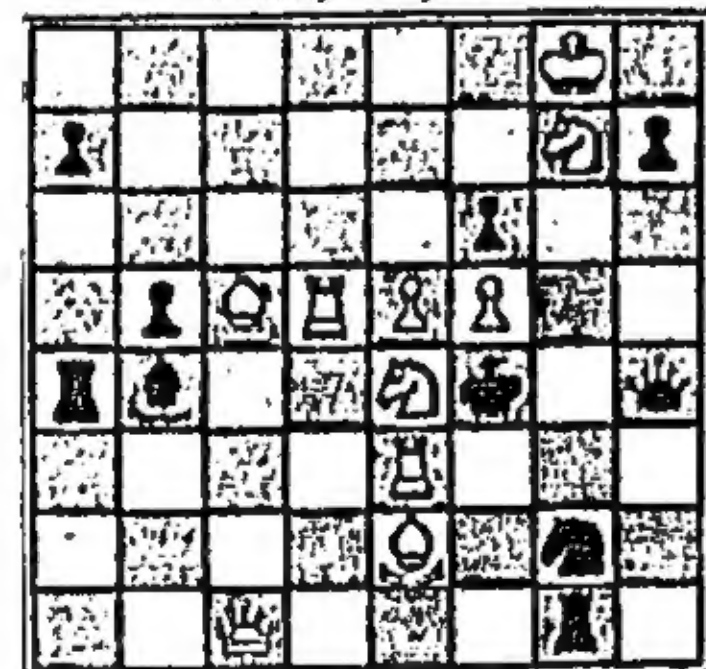
VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—Be decisive in your actions. Settle some business problem satisfactorily to aid your future plans.

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 23)—Be confident of results. Self-assurance will win out today. Don't let a hot temper defeat you!

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—Be diligent in doing some humdrum job and you will find the rewards are gratifying. Success is ahead.

CHES: PROBLEM

By H. WEENINK
Black, 10 pieces.



White, 10 pieces.
Write to play and mate in two. Solution to Saturday's problem.

1. E-KK16. 1... P-KB; 2. E-Q8; 1... K-B5; 2. K-KP (ch); 1... P-KB (=K); 2. Q-K4 (ch); 1... others; 2. K-Q1 (ch).

INTELLIGENCE TEST

Kindly decode

by T. O. HARE

HERE is a simple transposition cipher. Each letter of the original (which is in English) is represented by another letter; thus, if L occurred in the original it would have been represented throughout by H.

The words have, of course, been regrouped in sets of five letters. EIGHT WIKER KSCPE REZAE PCXBC AEZKE Here's a useful clue: PRINCE. This is the coded variant of a word which would put you on the right track at once.

(Solution on Page 12)

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Expert Bidding Fools Opponents

None 25
KQJ 1002
KQ 108
705

(DEALER)
N E
W S
AK54 3
703
2
KJ 104

AKQJ2
AK54
AKQ8
3

109876
None
AK70654

E-W vul.
E-W part-score of 60
West North East South
1 4 Double Redouble
Pass 2 Double Pass
3 4 6 Pass 6
Pass Pass Double Redouble
Pass Pass Pass
Opening lead—4 K

By OSWALD JACOBY

EVERY once in a while the Cavendish Club in New York is the scene of a special invitation bridge game in which participation is limited to a small group of players, all of whom would appear in any one's ranking of the 20 best rubber bridge players in the world.

Strangely enough, while the play of the cards is exceptional, the players spend so much time fooling one another, that bidding mistakes are frequent. In today's hand, John Crawford of Philadelphia gave East and West the full treatment.

The bidding is worth study, though I don't recommend that anyone follow it. The opening bid of one spade is certainly normal. As for North's double, we refuse to comment. East's redouble is also correct, and there can be no objection to Mr Crawford's bid of two diamonds. Since each side had a partial score, he saw no point in hurrying.

West might have bid two spades, but he chose to pass and await developments. He also saw no hurry. I don't quite understand North's bid of two spades, but he must have had some reason. East's double of two spades was sound. Mr Crawford passed since he knew that his partner would rescue himself.

Now West decided to save a little time and went directly to three spades. He wanted to show that he had a good five-card trump suit, and that he was not interested in doubling his opponents at a low level in the bidding.

North's four-diamond bid was normal enough. Even North had to do something ordinary once, and East simply passed to wait further developments. Since he had redoubled one spade to start with, he knew that his partner would not pass four diamonds.

Mr Crawford's bid of six diamonds was in the nature of a double cross. Of course he expected to make it and normally would have bid slowly in order to coax a double. In this case he decided the jump would produce the double anyway. As for his redouble, he knew that his opponents would have so many high cards that they would not become scared and run out.

There was nothing to the play of the hand. West opened his king of spades. Crawford trumped in dummy, drew trumps and led the king of hearts. East played the ace, and Crawford trumped it and claimed all the tricks.

POCKET CARTOON



London: Herbert Parnes.

BARBS

By HAL COCHRAN

Few girls have any particular ideas about osculation, says a writer. Maybe they would have if they'd keep their eyes open.



In Indiana a hit-skip driver was shot. Think how many are only half-shot!

Even a man can be envied if he has a nice figure—in government bonds.

Golf is one game that is much more polite to play than speak.

Tulip bulbs are on the market again. To those who plant them inside, here's pot luck to you!



Automobiles and people who constantly knock need working on.

What a great handicap children must be to anyone who wishes to be unhappy.

R. I. L.

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

SINGAPORE, JAVA PORTS and MACASSAR

| ARRIVALS | SAILINGS |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| "TITJALENGKA" In Port | 10th Dec. |
| "VAN HEUTS" 21st Dec. | 17th Dec. |
| "TJISADANE" 23rd Dec. | 20th Dec. |
| "TASMAN" 23rd Dec. | 2nd Jan. '51 |

* Only to Singapore, Penang & B. Dell.
** not calling at Singapore.

MANILA, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA and SOUTH AMERICA

| ARRIVALS | SAILINGS |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| "TJIFONDOK" 7th Dec. | 10th Dec. |
| "TJIKAMPEK" 10th Dec. | 10th Jan. '51 |
| "RUYS" 18th Jan. '51 | 7th Mar. '51 |

JAPAN

| ARRIVALS | SAILINGS |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| "TJIKAMPEK" 9th Dec. | 10th Dec. |
| "TJIFONDOK" 15th Dec. | 22nd Dec. |
| "RUYS" 4th Jan. '51 | 23rd Jan. '51 |
| "BOISSEVAIN" 5th Mar. '51 | |

Agents: HOLLAND EAST ASIA LINE

EUROPE via MANILA and MALAYA

| ARRIVALS | SAILINGS |
|------------------------|---------------|
| "LANGLESCOT" 15th Dec. | 11th Jan. '51 |
| "MELISKERK" 15th Dec. | 10th Feb. '51 |

Through B/L issued to Mediterranean and Northern European Ports.

JAPAN

| ARRIVALS | SAILINGS |
|------------------------|-----------|
| "LANGLESCOT" 15th Dec. | 4th Dec. |
| "MELISKERK" 15th Dec. | 10th Dec. |
| "MELISKERK" 15th Dec. | 10th Dec. |

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M.S. "SALLY MAERSK" Dec. 24
M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" Dec. 30

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M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" In Port
M.S. "ANNA MAERSK" Dec. 18
M.S. "GRETE MAERSK" Dec. 28

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HOW A LOCAL AIRLINE HELPS A COUNTRY PROSPER

Good communications not only follow a country's growth - often they must precede it; just as the railway opened up America's "Golden West" so today, in British Borneo for instance, C.P.A.'s regular flights to Hong Kong set in motion the signals of prosperous industry. This is C.P.A.'s role in the Far East - as the Orient's local airline.

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| Vessel | From | Arrives | Departs | For |
|------------------------|---------------|---------|---------|---|
| "NORTHWESTERN VICTORY" | San Francisco | Dec. 13 | Dec. 14 | San Francisco & Los Angeles |
| "NORTHWESTERN VICTORY" | San Francisco | Dec. 18 | Dec. 19 | San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama & Vancouver |
| "NORTHWESTERN VICTORY" | San Francisco | Dec. 23 | Dec. 24 | Singapore, Davao, Bombay, Karachi & Beirut |
| "NORTHWESTERN VICTORY" | San Francisco | Dec. 28 | Dec. 29 | San Francisco & Los Angeles |
| "NORTHWESTERN VICTORY" | San Francisco | Jan. 2 | Jan. 3 | Singapore, Davao, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & Beirut |

More Wolfram For Portugal

Lisbon, Dec. 2.
Portugal is again looking to her wolfram production, which has been on the down-grade since the end of the war. Portugal is one of the world's few suppliers of this raw material for tungsten, an important war material. Foreign demand for wolfram has sunk sharply since the war. -United Press.

US Scrap Rubber For China

Washington, Dec. 3.
Senator Herbert R. O'Connor, Democrat, Maryland, said today that 10,500,000 pounds of scrap rubber has been shipped from the U.S. to Red China since the Korean war began and demanded it be halted.

Mr. O'Connor said the shipments increased after the outbreak, and added in a prepared statement:

"Even if, as is alleged, it is being used only to make sandals, that in itself could be a highly strategic war use, inasmuch as it would enable thousands of Chinese Red soldiers or their supply line coolies to keep on the march."

Senator O'Connor's statement was issued as the Commerce Department prepared to extend its licensing controls to all goods destined for Communist China. The Department announced on Saturday that licenses would be required for all proposed shipments.

Mr. Nathan Ostroff, General Counsel for the Commerce Department's Office of International Trade, told exporters that the extension of controls to all commodities will provide the machinery to enforce an absolute embargo against Communist China if this Government decided one is necessary.

But Mr. Ostroff assumed that licensing of further scrap rubber shipments will depend on the amounts proposed, unless a decision is reached to stop all exports of every kind to the Chinese Reds.

Rubber sold canvas shoes were displayed to reporters at the Pentagon recently as the kind worn by Chinese Communist troops. -Associated Press.

Pres. Wilson Due

The 55 President Wilson (American President Lines) sailed from Los Angeles on Nov. 27 for Hong Kong via Honolulu, Yokohama and Manila, and is due to arrive in Hongkong on Dec. 19 and sail on Dec. 20 for Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

M.V. "MARCHEN MAERSK"

having arrived from New York and Ports of call. Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk and expenses into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given 48 hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final point of call to which the option extends.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 31st December, 1950, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 7th December, 1950, at 9 a.m. by our Surveyors Messrs Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance, when damaged dutiable are examined.

All claims must reach us before the 2nd January, 1951, or they will not be recognized.

No insurance will be effected.

JEBSEN & CO., Agents.

Hong Kong, 28 December, 1950.

Crisis Accentuates The Raw Material Shortage

(OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, Dec. 1.
If the new Korean crisis has not made raw material shortages any worse than they were it has certainly accentuated them. The critical situation resulting from the Chinese counter-offensive has thrown the ball back to those governments which hoped that the commodity shortages could be solved without resorting to wartime measures of control.

This is obviously not the time for procrastination and governments must now take the very action they were anxious to avoid.

After several weeks' evasion the British Government is now definitely thinking along these lines. The Ministry of Supply has stated that consideration is being given to the introduction next year of an allocation scheme for zinc. This scheme may be extended to include all non-ferrous metals.

After this announcement was made the President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Harold Wilson, told a House of Commons that was already reeling under the effect of the sudden serious turn of events in Korea that shortages of materials for which the Board is responsible develop, special allocation arrangements will be introduced as necessary in order to see that priority users have first call on available supplies. He hoped to make a fuller statement later.

Mr. Wilson also said he was "going into the question of cotton waste, cotton yarn and rayon materials."

Apart from certain raw materials—like cotton, sulphur, wood-pulp and base metals—of which shortages had developed before the Korean war began, there is a long list of commodities which are now in short supply as a direct result of the war.

In certain commodities there would actually be a surplus if conditions were normal. But war factors have turned these potential surpluses into shortages. Scrambles have developed over stock-piling and defence requirements have been met, with the result that prices have been pushed through the roof.

INCREASING CONCERN

In the case of tin and rubber, this scramble has been accentuated by the fear of war spreading to producing areas and the cutting of supplies altogether. This is the reason why the price of rubber advanced by 8d. a pound—a fantastic increase for one day—and tin by £60 a ton when the news of the Chinese counter-offensive was received in London.

Western European countries, which are now trying to build up their defences while endeavouring not to upset their already strained economies too much, are becoming increasingly concerned about tin, rubber and other raw materials. So much has been heard about tin, rubber and other raw materials that the impression might have been gained that the other commodities are reasonably plentiful. That unfortunately is not the case.

The Organisation for European Economic Co-operation which met this week-end to discuss the commodity famine studied the list of materials which are in short supply. This list includes besides the three mentioned above the following raw materials: coal, coke, scrap, iron ore, manganese, copper, zinc, aluminium, textile fibres, sulphur, timber, pulp, cement, raw hides and skins.

This list gives some idea of the immensity of the problem to be faced. But whatever means of mitigating it are proposed by OEEC one thing is quite clear: it cannot be solved by Western Europe alone.

The introduction of allocation schemes along the lines of those administered by the wartime Combined Supply Boards is the solution which appears to be most favoured by some of the members of OEEC, notably France. But the obstacles to be surmounted before these schemes could come into operation are so vast that there can be no hope for a solution of this kind unless there is complete co-operation between consumers and producers, some of whom are outside Europe.

AMERICAN POSITION

Moreover, allocation schemes cannot be devised until American co-operation is secured. The American position is still not known but it may become clearer when talks between the OEEC delegation and the United States Government begin in Washington soon.

American participation in allocation schemes would go a long way towards mitigating some of the shortages but others would remain. To allocate raw materials like wool, rubber and tin on a system of international priorities would require the ending of their respective free markets. Producers of these raw materials are strongly opposed to anything which would interfere with their free market.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

Business transacted on the Stock Exchange this morning was valued at \$15,225. Business done and the noon closing rates were as follow:-

| SHARES | BUYERS | SELLERS | SALES |
|--------------------------|--------|---------|-------|
| GOVT. BONDS | | | |
| 3½% (1948) | | | 50 |
| 3½% (1949) | | | 50 |
| BANKS | | | |
| HSBC | | | 1040 |
| ICBC | | | 100 |
| MEIKO | | | 100 |
| Bank of China | | | 100 |
| Bank of Communications | | | 100 |
| Bank of East Asia | | | 100 |
| Bank of India | | | 100 |
| Bank of Japan | | | 100 |
| Bank of Korea | | | 100 |
| Bank of London | | | 100 |
| Bank of Montreal | | | 100 |
| Bank of New York | | | 100 |
| Bank of Paris | | | 100 |
| Bank of Rome | | | 100 |
| Bank of Spain | | | 100 |
| Bank of Sweden | | | 100 |
| Bank of Switzerland | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Netherlands | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Philippines | | | 100 |
| Bank of the East Indies | | | 100 |
| Bank of the South Seas | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Pacific | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Atlantic | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Indian Ocean | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Arctic | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Antarctic | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Equator | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Tropics | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Desert | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Mountains | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Plains | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Valleys | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Hills | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Forests | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Fields | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Meadows | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Pastures | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Gardens | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Parks | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Woods | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Trees | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Flowers | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Fruits | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Grains | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Oils | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Metals | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Minerals | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Fuels | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Power | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Heat | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Light | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Sound | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Air | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Water | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Earth | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Sky | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Sea | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Land | | | 100 |
| Bank of the Universe | | | 100 |

Cotton Futures In New York

New York, Dec. 2.
New crop months ruled steady while old crop deliveries declined in a quiet market. At the close, the list was unchanged to 40 points lower. The cashness in old crop months reflected renewed fears that price controls may soon be imposed.

| Prices closed today as follows:- | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Spot | 42.20 |
| December | 42.20 nominal |
| October | 42.10-42.15 |
| November | 37.04-37.05 |
| December | 36.05 nominal |
| March | 35.30 |
| May | 35.30 |

—United Press.

Rubber Futures In Singapore

Singapore, Dec. 2.
Prices in the rubber futures market here closed today as follows:-

| Number 1 rubber, per lb. | |
|---------------------------|---------|
| December | 171-172 |
| Number 1 rubber, January | 162-163 |
| Number 1 rubber, February | 150-151 |
| Number 2 rubber, December | 164-165 |
| Number 3 rubber, December | 167-168 |
| Number 4 rubber, December | 171-172 |
| Spot rubber, unbleached | 172-173 |
| Black crepe | 138-140 |
| No. 1 pale crepe | 162-167 |

—United Press.

Hungary's New Bauxite Plant

Frankfurt, Dec. 2.
Radio Budapest reported that the largest industrial plant built in Hungary since the war—a bauxite plant in Donaueid—has been completed.

The radio report said that before the war 93.5 percent of Hungarian bauxite, used in the production of aluminium, went to Germany and only 0.5 percent was processed in Hungary. The new plant, complete with living quarters for hundreds of workers, will be able to process most of the country's production, it said.—United Press.

COTTON REVIEW

New York, Dec. 2.
Cotton futures ran up and down the price scale this week, while traders tried to rub the Korean developments and their effect on the nation's economy. At Friday's close, the market ruled 57 points lower to 77 points higher, or off \$2.85 to up \$3.95 per bale from the previous week. New crop months showed a relative steadiness throughout the week. Buying was encouraged by the higher trend of the parity index.—United Press.

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial market this morning at the following rates:-
Sterling, 100/- = 14.15
U.S. dollar, 100/- = 14.15

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INDO-CHINA S.N. CO., LTD.

| SAILINGS TO | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|------|-----------|
| S.S. "WINGANG" | Keelung | Noon | 6th Dec. |
| S.S. "PRONTO" | Tientsin | | 12th Dec. |
| S.S. "EASTERN QUEEN" | Singapore & Calcutta | | 12th Dec. |
| S.S. "KUTSANG" | Japan | | 15th Dec. |
| S.S. "HANGBANG" | Sandakan | | 24th Dec. |

| ARRIVALS FROM | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|-----------|
| S.S. "PRONTO" | Tientsin | | 7th Dec. |
| S.S. "EASTERN QUEEN" | Japan | | 10th Dec. |
| S.S. "KUTSANG" | Calcutta & Straits | | 12th Dec. |

Cargo accepted on through Bills of Lading for MADRAS & PONDICHERY via Singapore and for KUDAT, JESSELTON, LABUAN, TAWAU, LAHAD-DATU & SEMPORNA via Sandakan.

AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE LTD.

| SAILINGS TO | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|-----------|
| m.v. "KAFIRISTAN" | Lae, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide | | 11th Dec. |
| ARRIVALS FROM | | | |
| m.v. "KAFIRISTAN" | Japan | | 10th Dec. |

*Cargo accepted on through Bills of Lading to Tasmania, New Zealand and Pacific Island Ports.

GLEN LINE LTD.

SCHEDULED SAILINGS TO U.K. AND CONTINENT

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| m.v. "GLENARTNEY" | Leaving at 8.15, 3rd December, sails 7th December for Straits, Colombo, Aden, Suez, Port Said, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam/Amsterdam, Hamburg, Due London, 12th January. |
| m.v. "BRECONSHIRE" | Leaving 22nd December, Sails 24th December, for Straits, Colombo, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Genoa, London, Rotterdam/Amsterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp. Due London 1st February. |

(Carriers option to proceed via other ports to load/discharge cargo)

SCHEDULED ARRIVALS FROM LONDON

| | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| m.v. "BRECONSHIRE" | Leave London | Due H.K. |
| m.v. "GLENARTNEY" | Discharging at H.K. Wharf | 10th Dec. |
| m.v. "GLENGARRY" | Sailed | 25th Dec. |
| m.v. "RADNORSHIRE" | Sailed | 10th Jan. |

INTERMEDIATE SERVICE

| | | |
|-------------------|--------|-----------|
| m.v. "FLINTSHIRE" | Sailed | 11th Dec. |
|-------------------|--------|-----------|

PRINCE LINE LTD.

ARRIVALS FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC PORTS

| | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| m.v. "BRITISH PRINCE" | Sails N.Y. | Sails S.F. | Due H.K. |
| m.v. "EASTERN PRINCE" | Sailed | Sailed | 12th Dec. |
| m.v. "EASTERN PRINCE" | Sailed | Sailed | 2nd Jan. |

EAST COAST, CANADA & U.S.A. via SUEZ

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| m.v. "BRITISH PRINCE" | Leaves 12th Dec., for Japan, Philippines, Java, Singapore, Straits, Colombo, Halifax, Boston and New York. Vessel may call at Saigon and Bham. |
| m.v. "EASTERN PRINCE" | Leaves 2nd Jan. for Japan, Philippines, Java, Saigon and Bham, subject to inducement, Straits, Colombo, Halifax, Boston and New York. |

Cargo for St John (N.B.) Montreal and Bermuda with transshipment at Halifax or New York.

All the above subject to alteration without notice. All intending passengers should register their names as far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.



PACIFIC TRANSPORT LINES

ARRIVALS FROM SAN FRANCISCO

| | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|
| S.S. "PACIFIC TRANSPORT" | Sails S.F. | Due H.K. |
| S.S. "AMERICA TRANSPORT" | Sailed | 17th Dec. |
| S.S. "CHINA TRANSPORT" | Sailed | 27th Dec. |
| S.S. "PHILIPPINE TRANSPORT" | Sailed | 10th Jan. |

TO TAKUBAI, KOBE, NAGOYA, SHIMIZU, YOKOHAMA, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES

| | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|
| S.S. "PACIFIC TRANSPORT" | Sails H.K. | Due S.F. |
| S.S. "AMERICA TRANSPORT" | Sails H.K. | 17th Dec. |
| S.S. "CHINA TRANSPORT" | Sails H.K. | 27th Dec. |
| S.S. "PHILIPPINE TRANSPORT" | Sails H.K. | 10th Jan. |

TO MANILA, CEBU, KOBE, NAGO

Mail
Notices

A surface mail to United Kingdom per 10th Chinese will be closed on December 5. This mail is expected to arrive in London on or about January 6. Unless otherwise stated, Registered Articles (by air or sea) and Parcel Posts close One Hour earlier than the ordinary mail. Where mails close on Sundays or before 10 a.m. on any other day, registered and parcel posts close at 5 p.m. on the previous day. Mails are closed at Kowloon Central Post Office one hour earlier than the G.P.O. closing times.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 4
Closing Times By Air
India-China, French North Africa & France, 5 p.m.
Siam, Burma, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand & Ceylon, 5 p.m.
Closing Times By Sea
Formosa, 10 a.m.
Philippines, Hawaii & U.S.A., 10 a.m.
Letters, second class mail and parcels (Guam, letters and second class mail) Canada, (letters only), 5 p.m.
Siam, 5 p.m.
Formosa, Japan, Korea & U.S.A., 5 p.m.
Closing Times By Sea
Philippines, 2 p.m.
Formosa, 2 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6
Closing Times By Air
Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand & Ceylon, 5 p.m.
India, Pakistan, Persian Gulf, Iraq, Iran, Egypt, East & South Africa, Mauritius, Great Britain, Italy & N.W. Europe, 5 p.m.
Closing Times By Sea
Formosa, 10 a.m.
Japan, Korea, Canada & U.S.A., 10 a.m.
Closing Times By Sea
Philippines, 2 p.m.
Formosa, 2 p.m.
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7
Closing Times By Air
Japan, Korea, Canada & U.S.A., 10 a.m.
Closing Times By Sea
Philippines, 2 p.m.
Formosa, 2 p.m.
Siam, Burma, Malaya, Indonesia & Ceylon, 5 p.m.
Closing Times By Sea
Malaya, 1 p.m.
D.N. Guinea, Australia & New Zealand, 2 p.m.
Indonesia, 2 p.m.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. Close of Play Scores, Hong Kong Calling, Programme Summary, 6.02, Children's Half Hour, Conducted by Jack Frost (Studio), 6.30, Portuguese Half Hour (Studio), 7.00, World News and News Analysis (London Relay), 7.15, "John Bull's Band" British Hits of Yesterday & Today (BBC), 7.45, Charles Williams and His Orchestra, 8.00, "From the Editor's" (London Relay), 8.10, Linda Carter Talks on Film, 8.30, "Like What I Like" Presented by Leonard Stone (Studio), 9.00, "ITMS" (BBC), 9.30, "Concerto" Concerto No. 1 in E Flat (Liedt) Concerto in A Minor Movement (Goossens), 10.00, Radio News Reel (London Relay), 10.15, Weather Report, 11.20, Chinese Franciscan, 10.50, Commonwealth Journey, Through China, Northern Rhodesia, Southern Rhodesia, Nigeria and the Gold Coast (BBC), 11.00, Dance to Victor Silvester's Ballroom Orchestra, 11.15, Goodnight Music, 11.20, Weather Report, Gave the King, 11.30, Close Down.

Tar Catches Fire

A quantity of tar which was being heated up outside a godown of the Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company caught fire at 10.30 this morning. The blaze was extinguished by members of the Godown staff before the arrival of the Fire Brigade and Police.

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ALLEGED
ABDUCTION

George Cheng, alias Cheng Chien, aged 26, technical supervisor, Hongkong Signals Regiment, Murray Barracks, was brought before Mr Winter at Kowloon this morning charged with the abduction of a girl under 21 years of age. He pleaded not guilty.

It was alleged that on November 25, the defendant caused Ling Tak-ling, alias Diana Ling, aged 14, to be taken out of the possession and against the will of Ling Wai-lam, her father, the person having lawful custody and care of the girl. Inspector J. Hill stated that the SCA would prosecute. He applied for a week's remand which was granted. Bail was allowed in \$1,000.

SAVING
FOR
RAINY DAY

Sixty-year-old Kong Yuen was arrested for begging in Salisbury Road last Saturday, and found to have \$13.20 in his possession. Before Mr D'Almada at Kowloon this morning, he was charged with mendacity. Asked why he was begging when he had some money on him, Kong replied: "I am saving the money for rainy days." Kong Yuen, a Hongkong-born man, had two previous convictions of a similar nature. However, he was cautioned and bound over in the sum of \$5 for 12 months. Advised Mr D'Almada: "You must not beg again." Replied the defendant: "I will starve if I stop." The police said Kong had no relatives in the Colony.

European Fined \$500
For Driving Offence
Licence Suspended Six Months

J. H. Bottomley, 30, of No. 6, Causeway Hill, was fined \$500 by Mr Hin-shing Lo at Central this morning when he pleaded guilty to a charge of driving while under the influence of drink at Hennessy Road near Tin Kok Lane on November 25.

Bottomley who had two previous convictions, one of careless driving and one similar to the present charge about three months ago, was also ordered to sign a bond of \$1,000 to be of good behaviour for 12 months. His driving licence was ordered to be suspended for six months on an application made by Insp. J. S. Howarth of the Traffic Department. It was stated that at 9.50 p.m. on November 25, defendant was seen driving private car 1576 along Hennessy Road and when near O'Brien Road he humped into a stationary taxi cab which was parked at a taxi stand in the middle of the road. Defendant continued and when near Tin Lok Lane, he collided with a Shanghai Chinese who was boarding a tram. The man was injured and was admitted to Queen Mary Hospital where he was detained.

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teeth
Whiter!
ONLY
CONTAINS IRIUM
THE FAST-FORMING
FILM-REMOVING INGREDIENT

SUCCESSFUL CONSTRUCTION
DEPARTMENT

Stole Shoes
From Shop

Pleading guilty to a charge of larceny, Wong Chuen, 25, unemployed, was sentenced to six months' hard labour by Mr Reynolds at Central this morning for stealing a pair of new leather shoes from a shoe shop.

His accomplice, Yiu Ki, 27 unemployed, charged with aiding and abetting in the commission of the same offence, was sentenced to four months, at about 1.45 p.m. on Saturday. DPC 1553 who was on duty at Des Voeux Road Central saw the two defendants acting outside "Crane" shoe shop at 163 Des Voeux Road Central in a suspicious manner. The two men were stopped outside the shop when they came out with a box containing a pair of new shoes. As they failed to produce a receipt, both defendants were taken back to the shop where the shoes valued at \$37.50, were identified as being stolen. First defendant had one previous conviction.

127 HAWKERS IN
COURT

A hundred and twenty-seven hawkers were brought before Mr D'Almada at Kowloon this morning for hawking without licences. Each was fined \$8. The goods seized were ordered to be confiscated.

Defendant was arrested and found to be under the influence of liquor. He pleaded guilty and said that he had been on night duty the previous day. On the night of the accident, he had had a couple of drinks and was in a happy mood. After hearing the case, Mr Lo ordered defendant to pay \$300 compensation to the injured person Wong Pang-lam.

Displayed No
Anchor Lights

For failing to exhibit anchor lights, To Kan, 27, master of trading junk No. 1257, was fined \$30 by Mr T.B. Low at the Marine Court this morning.

According to the Prosecution, defendant's junk which was anchored off the eastern entrance of Causeway Bay was boarded by Marine Police at dawn today and it was found that she had no anchor lights. All the crew members were asleep and a spare lamp was found on the deck of the junk. Defendant pleaded that the lights were blown off during the night while the crew members were asleep.

Anchored In
Reserved Area

Young Yee, 53, mistress of cargo-boat No. 3507, and Leung Ching, 30, master of cargo-boat No. 16707, were each fined \$50 by Mr T.B. Low at the Marine Court this morning for anchoring their boats in Kowloon Island Cable Reserve Area.

According to the Prosecution, a Marine Police launch on patrol duty found defendant's boats anchored in the Kowloon Island Cable Reserve Area on Sunday afternoon. The boats were not engaged in any work or carrying of passengers or cargo.

Contributes To
Co's Satisfactory
Operations

A net profit of HK\$47,595.07 for the year ended April 30, 1950 with the construction department as the main source of revenue, was reported by Marsman Hongkong China Ltd., at the annual general meeting held in its offices at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building this morning.

The Chairman, Mr T. B. Wilson, also stated that Mr H. J. Pearce, MC, M. Struct. E., will arrive here in January to become the Managing Director of the Company.

The minutes of the 8th Ordinary General Meeting read by the Secretary, Mr G. R. Huber, were approved. Mr A. W. de Broecker proposed the motion and Mr A. L. Veilla seconded it. Addressing the meeting, the Chairman said: The Director's report and audited statement of accounts for the year ending April 30, 1950 has been in your hands for the required length of time. Due to a regrettable misunderstanding it was not mentioned in the printed report that Mr B. W. Mason, being eligible, offers himself for re-election. He does offer himself for re-election and his name will be proposed at the proper time. Since the printing of the Report Mr N. D. Tetters has tendered his resignation to the Board effective November 30, 1950 due to the necessity for his immediate return to the United States on business and it is not his intention to return to the Colony. The holders of the "A" shares in your Company, under the authority delegated in paragraph 93 of the Articles of Association, have named Mr A. L. Veilla to this vacancy. It has been the custom of this Company in the past to share the annual accounts to Shareholders in 2-Sterling. Your Directors considered that since the Company's activities are actually carried on in local currency and since but a small percentage of shares are held in the U.K. it would be more convenient to the majority if the accounts be submitted in Hongkong dollars in future. As a result you have found this change now put into effect. The conversion from 2-Sterling to Hongkong dollars is at the rate of 21 to 1.

YEAR'S PROFIT You will have noted that the year's working shows a net profit of HK\$47,595.07. Actually the gross profit was in excess of the gross for the previous year but it was found necessary to write off a very material sum on account of depreciation in shares of subsidiary companies. Actually the companies were holding their own at the end of our fiscal year but your Directors deemed it advisable to write them down due to the political situation which did not look too promising at the time.

Your construction department continued to be the principal source of revenue. During the year under review the No. 4 Wharf at Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. and also the construction and repair work at Talkoo Dockyard and Engineering Corp. Both of these were completed to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. This department showed a profit on the year's activities of HK\$189,617.16 or 35% in excess of the previous year's working. I may say that a continuance of this good for the construction of our construction activities as there are a number of medium sized projects and one or two major projects for which we anticipate being able to tender successfully as we now have considerable machinery and equipment in our possession which will greatly enhance our prospects.

CHANGED STATUS The status of our Morrison Hill Quarry has changed somewhat. I mentioned a year ago that we were in negotiation with the PWD for a new contract. Our old contract was extended and we have made alterations in our labour programme and our equipment which has resulted in our being able to reduce the cost of production somewhat. As a result the quarry has been operating at a small profit with a consequent reduction in the previous deficit. Mr H. J. Pearce, Managing Director, said: "You who pass Morrison Hill

your work must have noted with pleasure the rapid shrinking of that unsightly landmark. Mr J. B. Stapler resigned as Managing Director effective January 1, 1950 to take over the supervision of the various Marsman Mines in the Philippines with his office in Manila. He retains his seat on your board, however, and in his new post will be of much assistance to the Hongkong Company. Your Chairman took over as Acting Managing Director until such time as an opportunity would present itself to acquire the permanent services in this post of a person with a first class Engineering background and who is besides also familiar with local conditions. I am happy to confirm to you that Mr H. J. Pearce, M.C., M. Inst. Struct. E. who is well known here in Hongkong where he was for many years, actively engaged in construction and engineering work, has accepted the appointment as Managing Director and is due to arrive in January. He will take over the management immediately on arrival.

Mr W. Rawlitz who has been office manager as well as one of your Directors since the re-occupation left in June for a well-earned vacation with which he is combining the Company's interests. He has spent a good deal of his time in the U.K. and on the Continent in the Company's interests. He is due to return before the end of the year.

DECIDED IMPROVEMENT Your investments in Philippine Mining Companies remain unchanged in the accounts although at the close of the year's accounts their market value was somewhat above this figure. The South China Building Materials, Ltd. continues to show a small operating profit. Their principal product is Spunconcrete Pipe. There has been a increased demand for these pipes recently both for urban water and for construction projects in the New Territories. Profit from other activities amounted to \$30,493.74. Briefly the year under review has shown a decided improvement in the operations of the Construction Department. Your Company has been entrusted with and has creditably completed some of the larger major construction jobs in the Colony. These performances will undoubtedly assist in influencing other major works in our direction. The Morrison Hill Quarry has been operating on an efficient basis.

Business in your Trading and Construction Departments for the current year has been satisfactory. A warrant has been made quite recently in the re-opening of operations at Needell Hill Mine. Work has begun in a small way on production of Wolframite and Molybdenite and will be enlarged upon as conditions warrant.

Mr Wilson then proposed that the report and accounts for the year ended April 30, 1950 be ratified. This was seconded by Mr Huber and carried.

RE-ELECTED The Chairman announced that Mr B.W. Mason retired and offered himself for re-election. Mr Mason was re-elected as Director on the proposal of the Chairman seconded by Mr de Broecker.

Mr Wilson was also re-elected Director on the proposal of Mr E.R. Hill seconded by Mr Veilla. Messrs Lowe-Bingham and Matthews were re-elected auditors at a fee to be fixed by the Directors on the proposal of Mr Hill seconded by Mr Huber. The following were present at the meeting: Mr T. B. Wilson (Chairman), Mr E. R. Hill (Director), Mr A. L. Veilla (Director), Mr G. R. Huber (Secretary), Miss G. L. Veilla (Secretary), Mr C. Loo (representing shareholders in the Philippine Islands) and Mr A. W. de

Dock Co. Meeting

Articles Of
Association
Amended

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company this morning voted unanimously to alter two Articles of the Articles of Association.

Mr E. R. Hill, Chairman of the Board, made the following proposals: (a) The following Article shall be substituted for Article 45.

Such fee as may be considered reasonable from time to time by the Directors shall be charged for every new certificate issued whether consequent on a transfer or on the splitting of an existing certificate and shall be required by the Directors to be paid before the issue of the new certificate.

(b) The following Article shall be substituted for Article 70.

Subject to any special terms as to voting upon which any shares of the Company may have been issued or may for the time being be held, upon a show or hands every member present in person shall have one vote, and upon a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, for every share held by him. Present were Mr E. R. Hill, Sir Man Kam-lo, Messrs R. Murray, Lo Koon-kai, E. L. Kadoorie, C. D. Slade, R. Gordon, D. Miller, Horace Kadoorie, E. B. Moller, Shum Hui-tong (representing Nam Shum Company), Ip Kwai-chung and M. Jackson.

Returns A
Third Time

Found to have returned to the Colony twice during the last month after having been expelled, Lau Kwok-ling, 20-year-old Shanghai-lender, was sentenced to one month and recommended for banishment by Mr Winter at Kowloon this morning.

He was also sentenced to two months on charges of being a destitute and for housebreaking. According to Inspector Hill, about 9 p.m. on November 29, a light was seen in a bungalow belonging to Jose Xavier in the Tsun Wan District. Investigations revealed that the lock of the window was broken by the defendant with a piece of brick. Defendant was arrested.

Defendant claimed, he had returned to the Colony intending to find a job. He told the Court that he had broken into the bungalow because he felt cold, and needed clothing. He said further that he found it hard to get a job in China.

NO EVIDENCE
OFFERED

Two unemployed men, Leung Ng, 21, and Chan May-hoi, 20, alleged to have conspired together to commit robbery, were discharged by Mr Wicks at Kowloon this morning when the prosecuting officer, Det-Sub-Inspector W. H. Summers offered no evidence.

Another unemployed, Leung Kong, charged with possession of one automatic pistol and 12 rounds of ammunition without a licence, was remanded for three days. Leung was alleged to have had the arms and ammunition of the Kung Kai toshouse, 139 Nanchang Street, on November 15.

Boy Snatched
Handbag

A 13-year-old boy was sentenced to eight strokes of the cane and ordered to be expelled by Mr Wicks at Kowloon this morning for snatching a handbag from a 55-year-old woman. The defendant was seen in Cheungshawan Road walking in a suspicious manner. He then approached the woman, and snatched her handbag from behind. Pleading guilty, the defendant claimed he was once a hawker in Canton, and had come here three days ago. He said he was willing to go back

Chinese
PC
Deserts
SENT TO PRISON

Pleading guilty to desertion, former Police Constable 1463 Chow Fook, alias Chow Ah-man, aged 28, was sentenced to a month's imprisonment by Mr Winter at Kowloon this morning.

Inspector Chow Wai-man stated that the defendant joined the Force on December 13, 1948. On March 19 this year he was involved in certain matters and deserted. During his service with the Police he had a good record.

Inspector Chow stated that he had been instructed to ask the Magistrate to recommend banishment.

His Worship replied that he had no power to do so under the section of the Ordinance in which defendant was charged. He added that the Police had recourse to some other means. It was a simple case of desertion, he said.

Defendant pleaded for leniency saying he had a wife, child and parents to support.

Man With
8 Previous
Convictions

Eugenio Tavares, 20, whom the prosecution told the Court had had record, was found guilty by Mr Reynolds at Central this morning on a charge of soliciting for immoral purpose. However, defendant was remanded for 24 hours pending a re-check of the supervision book.

Chu Kong, DPC 1033, in evidence, said that shortly after midnight on December 2, while he was on duty at Johnston Road, he found defendant loitering in the vicinity and followed him for over 20 minutes. He then saw defendant taking two girls who were standing at the corner of Li Chit Street. Defendant was arrested while the party was engaged in bargaining.

The Police record revealed that defendant had eight previous convictions since April 1946, among them being larceny, obtaining money by false pretences, found in enclosed premises, impersonating a Police Officer, and larceny by trick.

SHIP WILL
SAIL

"The Flying Clipper will definitely sail for Tsingtau on schedule," said an official of Messrs A. P. Patterson this morning when questioned about the reported refusal over the weekend of the ship's crew to sail into Communist China.

An hour later, this was confirmed by the vessel's Master, Capt. W. R. Hardy in an interview with a China Mail reporter. When pressed for details this morning, the Capt. stated that there had been very little trouble over the incident which started on Friday when several members of the crew went to see the American Consul-General here and stated that they would not sail.

The Consul-General replied that he could not intervene unless the men actually refused to sail when the ship left. All are under contract signed in America to sail with the vessel.

However, since then, Capt. Hardy stated, the men have all changed their minds and will sail with the ship which leaves here for Tsingtau tomorrow morning at six o'clock.

The ship is carrying a general cargo, mostly paper.

Check Your Knowledge
ANSWERS

1. The Mohammedan. 2. It is the bark of the cork tree. 3. Of or pertaining to bishops or governed by bishops. 4. Between two dangers, either of which is difficult to be avoided. 5. No. Although it adds a joint every succeeding month, the older joints generally wear away and are lost. 6. A crystalline solid explosive of tremendous power whose in-

FROM THE FILES
100 Years
Ago

Garrison's Health

The lamentable amount of sickness and mortality which existed in the Garrison during the summer months, and which peculiarly proved so destructive to the Soldiers of the 59th, has caused considerable attention to be directed to this Colony by the press of England. Two articles have appeared in the leading journal—one of which is given in our present issue. A few errors, excusable enough in a person writing at such a distance, is apparent in this document. It is said, "We maintain in this island (Hongkong) for the security of our Chinese possessions a garrison of considerable strength." Besides Hongkong what possessions has England in China? "The climate of the island is no doubt essentially unfitted to the English constitution." This we deny, and appeal for the substantiation of our denial to the members of the medical profession who attend the civil community. Again, "The ground in the rear of the (garrison) buildings is undrained." The ground around the barracks is, through the whole of the year, as dry and hard as the City road. Threatened as the subject of the sickness appeared at the time, from the garrison's origin, treatment, and partial cure in the local journals, we propose at an early period to devote some further space to it, endeavouring to elucidate our former positions; and, if possible, to erect such beacons for the guidance of the Military authorities of the island, that such sacrifice of life among our soldier countrymen as seen in the last summer may not happen in the next.

Redressing Abuses

The efforts of the local press to redress abuses where the remedy lies in the Foreign Office, let the abuses be ever so glaring and the effusions of the writer ever so forcible, avail nothing; he would find it a much better trade to scold up his constituents, than to scold home, and make speeches before the Colonial Reform Association, or at Exeter Hall. In these places, a little truth goes a long way, and if our supposed abuse corrector possessed the "gift of the gab", and expended his veracity with a due regard to economy, he would certainly become a graceful cause. We have, however, always laboured under the impression that a local paper can produce the effect of having local abuses redressed, the remedy lying in the local government, provided they are represented to the government and the public in the proper manner—that is, the abuse must not give way to popular indignation. We trust this impression is not a delusion. Under these feelings, we have brought before the public the sundry absurd acts and comical legal decisions which have emanated from the Whampoa Consulate Office. We must see the evil redressed, or we shall have to become converts to the opinion that British subjects in China are not governed in conformity with the institutions of their country.

Race Dead Heats

At our approaching race meeting, there occurs an interesting incident, as that which happened at the running for the last St. Leger, the following notice regarding the laws relating to dead heats, which we give in an English paper may prove of use.

"The dead heat for the St. Leger, between Voltaire and Biscuits, has caused some discussion as to the nature of the laws relating to such events. The rules on this subject are laid down in the Treatise on Horseracing, by Captain Rous, are clear and explicit. The one most warmly canvassed is that which respects the payment of bets, had the dead not been run off. On this point, the law admits not of the slightest cavil or debate. It states that 'All bets between horses that run a dead heat, or between either of them and the field, must be settled by the money betted being put together, and divided between the parties in the same proportion as the stakes have been divided. Parties who laid their money on either of the horses that contested, and who were beaten in the race have experienced considerable difficulty in getting their money back. On this point, the same rule is again unmistakable, as will be seen from the following extract:—'If bet made on one of the horses that ran the dead heat against a horse that was beaten in the race, he who backed the horse that ran the dead heat will have his bet. If the dead heat be the first event of the double bet, the bet shall be void.' The above rules are indisputable and are sufficient to decide all the questions at issue."

SOLUTIONS

INTERLANGUAGE TEST
1. 13 is 10 or 10 is 13. This is the only number which is a square and a cube. 2. 1000. 3. 1000. 4. 1000. 5. 1000. 6. 1000. 7. 1000. 8. 1000. 9. 1000. 10. 1000. 11. 1000. 12. 1000. 13. 1000. 14. 1000. 15. 1000. 16. 1000. 17. 1000. 18. 1000. 19. 1000. 20. 1000. 21. 1000. 22. 1000. 23. 1000. 24. 1000. 25. 1000. 26. 1000. 27. 1000. 28. 1000. 29. 1000. 30. 1000. 31. 1000. 32. 1000. 33. 1000. 34. 1000. 35. 1000. 36. 1000. 37. 1000. 38. 1000. 39. 1000. 40. 1000. 41. 1000. 42. 1000. 43. 1000. 44. 1000. 45. 1000. 46. 1000. 47. 1000. 48. 1000. 49. 1000. 50. 1000. 51. 1000. 52. 1000. 53. 1000. 54. 1000. 55. 1000. 56. 1000. 57. 1000. 58. 1000. 59. 1000. 60. 1000. 61. 1000. 62. 1000. 63. 1000. 64. 1000. 65. 1000. 66. 1000. 67. 1000. 68. 1000. 69. 1000. 70. 1000. 71. 1000. 72. 1000. 73. 1000. 74. 1000. 75. 1000. 76. 1000. 77. 1000. 78. 1000. 79. 1000. 80. 1000. 81. 1000. 82. 1000. 83. 1000. 84. 1000. 85. 1000. 86. 1000. 87. 1000. 88. 1000. 89. 1000. 90. 1000. 91. 1000. 92. 1000. 93. 1000. 94. 1000. 95. 1000. 96. 1000. 97. 1000. 98. 1000. 99. 1000. 100. 1000.